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VOL. XXV NO. 172 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Eden's Threat To Iraq Govt.

Mavlankar Elected Speaker

ASSURES HOUSE ALL HELP IN 'HIMALAYAN' TASK

Proceedings Commence With "Bande Mataram" In Bombay Assembly

Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, the Congress Candidate, was unanimously elected to the Speakership of the Bombay Assembly on Wednesday.

"Bande Mataram" In Assembly

A noteworthy feature of the proceedings was the singing of "Vande Mataram." The whole assembly sprang to its feet, and amidst pin-drop silence, the women Legislators sang the National Song, inaugurating a new era in the history of the House.

The Advocate-General and other permanent officials, who were present in the House, stood up to the tune, fraternising with Khadi-clad Legislators.

"Himalayan Task"

Replying to the tributes and congratulations from all sections of the House, Mr. Mavlankar said that he had undertaken the responsibility in a spirit of service. He was aware that the task before them was Himalayan, and assured that he would justify the confidence which the House had reposed in him.

Mr. N. G. Joshi, the Congress nominee, was the only candidate for Deputy-Speakership, and was duly elected.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, July 21.

The Bombay Assembly met at 2 this afternoon to elect the Speaker and Deputy-Speaker.

There was a huge rush of visitors, and galleries were full beyond capacity. The spectators were practically jammed, and the less fortunate had to content themselves with catching a glimpse of what took place within.

By the exact hour, all members were in their seats the new Congress Minister, Mr. Nurie occupying the front Treasury Bench.

The interim Speaker, Rao Bahadur Chitale, entered the hall at the stroke of two, and immediately proceeded in the business before the House. He had just stood in his seat, when there appeared to be some disturbance in the public visitors' gallery, and he had to cry "Order, Order" at the top of his voice.

Rao Bahadur Chitale then intimated to the House that four nominations for the Speaker's post had come—Messrs. Mavlankar, Desai, Rao Bahadur Navle and Mr. V. N. Patil. He further announced that as the last named three had withdrawn from the contest, Mr. Mavlankar was duly elected to the post. This announcement was received with thundering applause from all quarters. Rao Bahadur Chitale then requested Mr. Mavlankar to take the Chair, which the latter did, after being greeted by Rao Bahadur Chitale with shaking hands amidst still greater ovation.

SINGING "VANDE MATARAM."

Speaker Mavlankar next announced that it was decided to sing "Vande Mataram" before the House took up the next item. Accordingly, the whole assemblage sprang to its feet, and in an atmosphere of solemn silence, women members of the House sang "Bande Mataram," the audience repeating the song in soft tones. The scene certainly marked the augury of a new era in the history of the House.

Advocate-General Kemp, markedly stood amongst the Khadi-clad Government benches, and few officials in Western dress who were present in the House at the time also stood up.

PREMIER'S CONGRATULATIONS.

This over, Premier Kher seized to the first opportunity to congratulate the Speaker, and certainly made a good impression with his maiden speech. He said that it was his proud privilege to offer his most sincere and heartfelt

(Continued on page 8 Col. 1).

Bombay's Second Muslim Minister

ABUL KALAM AZAD CONSULTS MAHATMA

WARDHA, July, 21.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad arrived by Bombay Mail and drove in bullock cart in Shegaon with Seth Jamnalal Bajaj. He will discuss various provincial ministerial affairs and other Parliamentary activities with Mahatma Gandhi.

Bombay's Second Muslim Minister is not yet selected and it is very probable that he will discuss this question with Mahatma Gandhi.

THAKKAR FOR DELHI

Mr. Amritlal Thakkar, Secretary of the All-India Harijan Sewak Sangha left for Delhi to-day. A conference of Harijan workers is not considered possible now.—A.P.

NARENDRA DEO TO BE OUT OF CABINET

Sequel To Socialists' Mandate

LUCKNOW: July 21.

Acharya Narendra Deo, President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee and Socialist Party leader, arrived in Lucknow this morning. Interviewed by the "United Press" he declined to discuss the formation of the U. P. Cabinet. He, however, said that he would not join the Cabinet in view of the Congress Socialist Party's mandate against office acceptance.—United Press.

TANDON FOR SPEAKERSHIP?

ALLAHABAD: July 21.

Babu Purushottamdas Tandon has definitely declined to join the U. P. Cabinet.

He will, however, stand for the Speakership, if Congress Party puts him up.—United Press.

Bihar Railway Disaster

The Patna junction station presented a very pathetic appearance when the first train brought 88 dead bodies of the victims of the awful railway disaster near Bihta station in the early hours of the 17th instant. The bodies were arranged in two rows—some with lacerated faces and others with mutilated figures.

MEHERALLY RELEASED

Leaves For Madras To Meet Premier In Response To Telegram

(From Our Correspondent).

CALICUT: July 21.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally was released yesterday from Cannanore Jail according to the urgent order of the Madras Government.

Mr. Meherally arrived at Calicut to-day by morning train and left by the Malabar Express for Madras with Hon. Raman Menon, Minister for Courts and Prisons.

Mr. Meherally has been telegraphically asked to meet Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Premier, immediately at Madras.

JAIL DELIVERY IN MADRAS

Premier Takes In Hand Cases Of All Politicals

MADRAS, July 21.

The Government have purchased six motor cars for the Ministers' use which will be made available to them to-morrow. The cars, it is understood, will be owned by the State and maintained by the Ministers from the proposed car allowance of Rs. 150.

The distribution of portfolios between the Ministers is now finally settled.

The Prime Minister holds charge of the entire Public and Finance departments, besides certain subjects which were originally in the Home Department, such as police, including C. I. D. (establishment), railway police, village police, persons subject to preventive detention under the Federal authority of the Central Intelligence bureau, etc.

It is understood that the Premier is considering individual cases of all political prisoners in the province and orders for their release are expected to be passed shortly.—A. P.

Time & Tide Will Not Wait Even For Mr. Jinnah

U. P. Muslim Leaguers See In Rajen Babu's Offer Line Clear For Agreement

LUCKNOW: July 21.

Following Babu Rajendra Prasad's offer to secure Congress support to the formula of communal settlement evolved by him in conjunction with Mr. Jinnah in 1935, the general feeling in the Muslim League circles in the U. P. is that Mr. Jinnah will be committing a serious mistake, if he refuses to accept the offer of settlement on the terms originally agreed to by him, and that he would be placing the Muslim community in a false position.

Change Since Elections

It is also felt that the circumstances which led the abandonment of negotiations in 1935 do not hold good to-day.

Mr. Jinnah was then rightly apprehensive of Pandit Malaviya and the Congress Nationalists. But the results of the recent elections show the poor hold of the Congress Nationalists and Hindu Sabhaites on the masses. It is now certain that the Congress is now in a position to implement the agreement.

Startling Developments

From the strength of opinion here, it is apparent that startling developments will be expected within the next few days, whatever may be Mr. Jinnah's decision.—United Press.

NO CHANGE IN DECREE NOW

LONDON, July 21.

The one day Hartal recently declared in Zanzibar as a protest against the Clove Bill was acknowledged by Major Ormsby-Gore at question time in the House of Commons, but he understood that it was not entirely effective.

A number of further concessions had been made in consultation with the Government of India representatives since his statement in the Commons of June 24 and he had reason to believe that the Government of India were not dissatisfied with the position.

The Cloves Decree was passed by the Zanzibar Council on July 15 and the Acting Resident had then promised that sympathetic consideration would be given where the reform pressed hardly on an individual or classes.

Major Ormsby-Gore did not consider that Zanzibar Indians would now have real grounds for complaint and did not think that further changes in the scheme designed to protect native producers were needed.—Reuter.

Halifax On Clove Trade

LONDON, July 21.

In the House of Lords, Lord Halifax, referring to the clove trade in Zanzibar, said that he understood that the rights of the Indian middlemen were being safeguarded as far as possible. To meet the views of the Government of India, explicit assurances had been given concerning the appointment of Indians as buying agents and two Indians had been added to the Board of the Clove Growers' Association.

Provision had been made for the establishing an Advisory Body on which the Indian community would be adequately represented. The Government of India, while regretting that it had not been possible to modify the new decree, expressed appreciation of the prompt and friendly manner in which the whole matter was discussed.—Reuter.

CAPT. LUMLEY ON HIS TASK

Out To Prove British Idea Of Honourable Partnership Is A Reality

LONDON: July 21.

Captain Roger Lumley, Governor-Designate of Bombay, speaking at a farewell luncheon under the auspices of the Royal Empire Society, the East Indian Association and the Society of Yorkshiremen in London said that he was glad that all parties in India were prepared to make a trial of the new opportunities. He would be happy, if he was able to prove that the intention of an honourable partnership was a reality. The new system meant great changes in the methods of government. It was his intention to do all to make this a success.

HALIFAX'S HOPES.

Lord Halifax presiding paid a tribute to those who made possible the Indian changes in the past ten days, said that the Secretary of State, the Viceroy and the members of the Congress have all co-operated in producing a result which gave cause for no little confident anticipation to all who wished India well.

He added that the last Act made great changes, yet it was more true to say that the Act registered the great changes which had been in progress for years before its passage. All will watch the period of transition with sympathy and should make it smooth and successful.—Reuter.

Partition Of Palestine

ATTEMPT TO STIFLE OPPOSITION

Startling Statements And Amazing Claims Made In Commons

LONDON, July 21

The House of Commons to-day debated the Palestine Report. Major Ormsby-Gore moving approval of the Government policy paid a tribute to the Report, as not only a great literary work, but the final statement of a historical truth. He warned the House to weigh their words, as the debate would be scrutinised by the whole Jewish and Muslim worlds.

He emphasised that the British Government had never admitted that Palestine west of Jordan was included in the pledge given to the Sheriff of Mecca to further the cause of Arab Independence. Likewise, he pointed out that the Balfour Declaration pledged the allied Governments to establish a Jewish National Home in Palestine, not Palestine as the Home for the Jews.

BRITISH GRAVES

He reminded the Arabs that Arab Independence throughout the Arabian Peninsula Iraq, Syria, Transjordan and the greater part of Palestine could never have been achieved, but for the fact that there were 10,000 British graves in Palestine and many more in Iraq.

He attributed the many causes of Arab-Jewish friction to the terms of the Mandate which was largely intensified by two national movements. The Government were convinced that the continuance of the Mandate held out no hope, either for the Jews or the Arabs. Only by partition could the ideals of both be realised. Fear of domination was the root problem and the only way by which it could be removed was by dividing the country [illegible]

AMAZING CLAIM.

Mr. Lloyd George asked: Is it proposed that the British Government should accept responsibility for the protection of the minority of either State?

Major Ormsby-Gore replied that it was a matter for the League and claimed that an enormous volume of public opinion in Great Britain was behind the report. Many Arabs strongly favoured it. The Trans-Jordan Government strongly supported it. Other parts of Arab world were in no way unfavourable.

THREAT TO IRAQ.

Major Ormsby-Gore read a statement saying how much His Majesty's Government welcomed the attitude of moderation generally adopted by Arab countries towards the Report, regretting that the Premier of Iraq expressed opposition to it and stating that Mr. Eden on July 16 strongly made representation to the Iraq Premier who promised not to pursue the line of policy he had pursued in the past.

Major Ormsby-Gore concluded by appealing to the House, the Jews and the Arabs to co-operate with good-will with His Majesty's Government in their constructive effort to bring peace to the Holy Land.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

DALAI LAMA FOUND.

NANKING, July 21.

The finding of the supposed reincarnation of Dalai Lama, the spiritual head and leading ruler of Tibet in the pasturelands of Kokonor following a search for eighteen months, has been officially confirmed. He is a two-year old son of a wealthy landowner. The face of the child at the date and circumstances of the birth are stated to conform to Dalai Lama's deathbed description.—Reuter.

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42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Court Clerk for Solicitors Firm. Salary about 40 and a Gujrathi or Deccani experienced Typist. Apply: Goldwyn and Company, 31, Forbes Street, Opp. Greaves Cotton. (8782)

Wanted (1) An experienced Lady Professor to teach English to the degree classes. (2) A Lady, B.A. B.T., strong in Mathematics to teach the high classes. Applications stating minimum salary acceptable should reach the Principal, Mahila Maha Vidyalaya, Multan Road, Lahore, by the 15th August, 1937, at the latest. (5869)

Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers: Overseers through Postal training. Apply:—British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (8617)

Wanted Mill Manager with full knowledge of spinning, weaving and other departments and at least 15 years' experience in a first class mill. Apply Mehta, Pallonji Mansion, first floor, Colaba, Bombay. (8745)

Wanted a Gujarati knowing Articled Clerk, under an Approved Accountant. Apply Box No. 8774, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Secretary, pay Rs. 70-21-100. Candidates should be B.A. or B.A. with G.D.A. or B.Com. or any other degree of the Bombay or any other recognised University qualifications or a L.S.G.D. Should know Kanarese thoroughly well. Will be on probation for two years. During probation should pass such examination as Government or Local Self-Government Institute or this Municipality may prescribe. Security of Rs. 1,000 required. One with previous office experience preferred. Apply to Chief Officer, Dharwar Municipality, to reach on or before 10th August, 1937. (5827)

Wanted Turbine Engineer (Mills), Boiler makers (overseas). Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road, Fort. (8775)

145. SCHOOLS (LOCAL)

Wanted candidates for Guarantee course. No service, no fee. Scholarship and fare paid. Guarantee Prospectus on two annas. Royal College, Main Road, Dadar, Bombay. (8739)

156. PRIVATE TUITIONS

Science B. A., knowing Kanarese also. Offers to give private tuition to students up to matriculation. Apply Box No. 8769, "Bombay Chronicle".

251. INSURANCE AGENTS

Wanted influential hardworking Life Insurance Organisers on very reasonable terms for a Bonus paying and established Life Office for each district in the Province of U. P., C. P., Berar and Punjab. Head Office Manager touring in August and September for personal interviews. Apply to: The Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., Asian Building, Bombay. (5872)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Applications are invited from gentlemen of position and influence for the post of District Organisers and Agents on pay or commission or both. Apply stating past experience to the Secretary, Bhagya Laxmi Insurance Ltd., 31 Mangoe Lane, Calcutta. (5868)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Khar—A newly built magnificent modern ground floor Cottage with tiled terrace for sale. Plot area 720 square yards. Price Rs. 10,500 net. Apply P. J. A. de Menezes, 65, Yusoof Building, Mangaldas Road, Bombay, No. 2. (8768)

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LOST SCRIP

Whereas Share Certificate No. 2255 for 100 shares Nos. 230801 230900 inclusive, in the Moolla Oil Company, Limited, Rangoon, standing in the name of Mooltanchand Lakshminarayan, formerly of Rangoon, at present of Bikanir, is reported to have been lost and an application has been made for issue of a fresh duplicate Scrip in lieu thereof. Notice is hereby given that the Directors will proceed to issue a fresh duplicate Scrip provided no objection is received and the original Share Certificate is not forthcoming within 30 Days of this notice.

THE MOOLLA OIL COMPANY, LIMITED.
64, Maung Taulay Street, Rangoon. (8781)

THE BOMBAY UGANDA COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Shares Nos. 11460 11463 of the above Company standing in the name of Mr. Mohan Lal Tannon have been LOST or MISLAID. Anybody having any claim thereto should notify the same at the Registered Office of the Company 28, Apollo Street, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof, after which no claim shall be considered and new share certificates will be issued in place of lost ones. The public are cautioned against dealing in any way with the above shares.

MOHAN LAL TANNON,
Bombay, dated 22nd July, 1937. (8776)

Public Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we, the undersigned Kalyandas Raghunathdas and Niranjandas Raghunathdas residents of Muttra District have given up every right over all the property of our father Raghunathdas Munshilal, who has sustained losses in cotton and other businesses. We are maintaining ourselves in Baroda for the last three years on a small trade of corn, etc., in which our father Raghunathdas Munshilal holds no connection whatsoever.

(1) (KALYANDAS RAGHUNATHDAS),
(2) (NIRANJANPRASAD RAGHUNATHDAS).

Anandpura, Baroda.
Dated 19-7-'37. (5870)

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Offers are also invited for the lease of the said factory buildings, godowns, tanks, etc., for the cane and gur season 1937-1938.

The properties can be inspected on all working days between office hours by appointment.

For further particulars please apply to:—

JAI KRISHNA TANDON,
Advocate,
Liquidator, Lucknow Sugar Works, Ltd. (In liquidation), Aishbagh, Lucknow. (5874)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SUNDERBAI alias MAMUBAI, daughter of Thakkar Damji Naranji and widow of Thakkar Bhagwandas Jethabhai, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant at the time of her death, residing at Jatipura near Muttra in U. P. Deceased.

JAMNADAS BHAGWANDAS, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Walkeshwar Road, without The Fort of Bombay. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness CECIL PATRICK BLACKWELL, Esquire Acting, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 21st day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 21st day of July, 1937.
MESSRS. DIVECHA & THAKORE,
Petitioner's Attorneys. 5871.

Auction Sales.

D. MISTRY & CO.

Auction sale of Stock-in-Trade and Factory of Lesmyrs Surgical Works by order of the party concerned comprising Electric Motors 2 and 4 H. P., Spray Painting Machine, Dynamo, Chrome Plating Solution, Nicol Plating Vat with Solution, Buffing and Drilling Machine, Vices, about 1000 feet Steel Tubing, Workshop Tools, Compressors, Shaftings, Couplings, Pulleys, Show Cases, Invalid's Chair, Surgical Instruments, etc. On Saturday the 24th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) At No. 20 Allana Mansions, Lamington Road opp. Adams Wylie Hospital, near Lalchimney. On view D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers, Tel. No. 22801.

Auction Sales.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.
123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, situate on Plot No. 164A Dadar-Matunga Estate at Vincent Road, Dadar, on Saturday the 14th August, 1937, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Vallabhdas Muljidhar, the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the Borrowers Bai Parvatibai, widow of Bapurao Vishram Bane and Miss Chandravati Bapurao Bane and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 25th October, 1935.

All that piece of leasehold land admeasuring about 1,300 sq. yds. together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on Plot No. 164A Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Municipality of Bombay being part of Cadastral Survey No. 155/10 of Matunga Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F Ward Nos. 7121 (4) and 7121 (4E) and Street Nos. 688C and 688CE Kingsway.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee, 60, Forbes Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY SITUATE IN THE VILLAGE OF HARIALI, TALUKA SOUTH SALSETTE, ZILLA THANA.

Under instructions from Ebrahim Goolamhussein Currimbhoy, esq., one of the Liquidators of the Currimbhoy Woollen and Silk Mills Co., Ltd., (in Liquidation), Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will (TO-DAY) THURSDAY, the 22nd July, 1937, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of partly Khoti and partly Inam land with buildings situate in the village of Hariali, Taluka South Salsette, Zilla Thana, admeasuring about 72,559 square yards and bounded on the East partly by G. I. P. Railway and partly by the Kanjur Village on the West by Agra Road, on the North by the boundary of Kanguri village and on the South by the property of the Vendors.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of partly Khoti and partly Inam land situate in the Village of Hariali, Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, admeasuring about 1,18,871 square yards and bounded on the East partly by Agra Road and partly by the property of Mr. Kaloo, on the West by Pawai Road, on the North by a passage and Government quarry and the property of Mr. Jayakar and on the South partly by the property of Sumantrao Anantrao and partly by the property of the Vendors.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

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DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Results Of Indian Institute Of Bankers' Exam 1937

The following students of the Davar's College of Commerce who appeared in the 1937 examination of the Indian Institute of Bankers have been declared successful. From details given below, it would be noticed that four students have completed Part II Examination, and 12 have completed Part I Examination and 144 passes have been secured in subjects examination by the scholars of this College.

The following students have completed Part II and are eligible for the Indian Institute of Bankers' Diploma, Cer. A.I.I.B.:—

1 Messrs. B F Golwalla, P K Sharma, R M Mitra and A K Nandi.

The following students have completed Part I Examination:—

Messrs. N J Broacha, P H Choksey, N V Sharma, P M Dhar, N Sainee, P B Vyas, L T Thuraisingam, G J Desai, D D Kapadia, A D Bhathena, J T Gurusahani, and D. S Nisbet-Desai

PASSES:— The following is the list of pases in subjects mentioned below:—

PART I.

PRACTICE AND LAW OF BANKING: R B Parikh, M R Ranadive, N J Broacha, B M Banaji, P H Choksey, S K Sharma, K P Barooah, H C Patidar, P S Tanksali, J J Pardiwalla, P M Karapurkar, N V Sharma, M Balasubramanian, P M Dhar, P B Engineer, G J Desai, G R Dalvi, I M Joshi, B G Rele, D D Kapadia, A D Bhathena, J T Gurusahani, V S Kothare, G R Panje, N H. Dotiwalla, V S Karkhanis, V P Parekh, and A P Tavaria.

ECONOMICS: P H Choksey, K P Barooah, P S Tanksali, P M Karapurkar, N V Sharma, P M Dhar, A D Bhatena, M W Gopaldas, N H Dotiwalla, A P Tavaria, and D S Nisbet-Desai.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION: M R Ranadive, B M Banaji, S K Sharma, S Ramachari, N V Sharma, M Balasubramanian, P M Dhar, N Sainee, G R Panje, N H Dotiwalla, and A M Kavasmaneck.

COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY: K A Vajifdar, A S Shirodkar, K E James, B M Banaji, P S Hariharan, K P Barooah, P S Tanksall, J J Pardiwalla, P M Karapurkar, N V Sharma, M Balasubramanian, P M Dhar, S B Padmanabha Iyer, V S Kothare, G R Panje, P K Chanduwadia, N H Dotiwalla, V P Parekh, R L Thanawalla and P B Vyas.

ELEMENTARY ACCOUNTS AND COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC: M R Ranadive, K E James, B M Banaji, S K Sharma, M A Shaikh, K P Barooah, H C Patidar, P S Tanksall, J J Pardiwalla, P M Karapurkar, A H Y Sobani, N V Sharma, Gopal Krishna, P M Dhar, N Sainee, J B Jhaveri, D K Pandya, L T Thuraisingam, G R Punje, P K Chanduwadia, V P Parekh and A P Tavaria.

PRACTICE AND LAW OF BANKING: A A D Mathews, N Sainee, B S Sidhwa, S A Prabhu, S I Muzumdar, P C D'Souza, R. G Chendwandkar and R S Bhandarkar.

ECONOMICS: Gopal Krishna, K V Shukla, A A D Mathews, N Sainee, B S Sidhwa, D D Kapadia, S A Prabhu, J G Mirchandani, S I Muzumdar, F B Panthakey, and P K Sharma.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION: B F Golwalla, B S Sidhwa, D D Kapadia, A D Bhathena, R H Dadabhoy, D K Thakore and R S Bhandarkar,

COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY: B F Golwalla, P H Choksey, Gopal Krishna, G J Desai, N Sainee, J N Driver, S A Prabhu, G S Keshwin, B K Pandya, S I Mazumdar, R M Mitra, S B Rele, R G Chendwankar and F B Panthakey.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE: D D. Kapadia, S A Prabhu and A K Nandi.

INDIAN GOVT. FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION AND PROCEDURE: N J Broacha, Gopal Krishna, G J Desai, B S Sidhwa, D D Kapadia, S A Prabhu, P C D'Souza, R G Chendwankar and F B Panthakey.

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE

35th Half-Yearly Meeting

Several subjects of far reaching importance to the cotton industry in India will come up for discussion before the 35th half-yearly meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee to be held in Bombay on the 9th and 10th of August 1937.

The meeting will be presided over by Sir Bryce Burt, Kt., C.I.E., I.A.S., acting Vice-Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research and President of the Committee

With a view to enable the Committee to have the advantage of a critical examination of some of the important problems several Sub-Committee will meet earlier and discuss in greater detail their subjects

The reports and recommendations of all Sub-Committees will come come up for consideration and dicision before the full Committee meeting.

The Committee has on its agenda as many as 87 subjects. The more important of them being—Progress reports of various botanical, mycological, entomological, physiological cotton survey, seed distribution, technological and propaganda Schemes. A new research scheme for cotton jassid investigation in Sind is also on the agenda.

Indore:—A special notification has been promulgated according to the Cabinet resolution No. 735 consisting of three parts by the Prime Minister of Holkar Government with effect from 17th July for the "prevention of acts of aggression, hooliganism and highhandedness on the part of rowdy persons, whom it is difficult to deal with under ordinary law.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

Sir PHEROZE SETHNA, Kt., O B. E., the President of the Motion Picture Society of India—will preside at this special function of presenting Souvenirs to the artistes who gave excellent performances in

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32nd ALL INDIA RECORD BREAKING WEEK

NOTE THE TIME AND DATE:—

TO-DAY 5-15 SHOW AT

CENTRAL CINEMA

Vishnupant Pagnis (Tukaram), Gouri (Jijai) and others will be present at this occasion.

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HUBLI ENQUIRY

Allegations Against Chief Officer

(From Our Correspondent.)
HUBLI, July 20.

Mr. A. L. Dias, Assistant Collector, Third Division, Dharwar, commenced here inquiry this morning into the alleged misconduct of Mr. A. S. Patil, Chief Officer of the Hubli Municipal Borough. The inquiry was instituted on the recommendation of the Hubli Municipal Borough to the Government. The allegations made against the Chief Officer include among others, incompetence, inefficiency, negligence in the discharge of duty, rudeness of behaviour towards superiors and harsh treatment of the subordinate. The president and some councillors were present during the proceedings. The public was not admitted into the hall.

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PROF. SEKHAR.
THE GREAT MESMERIST, ELLORE

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The trial of Von Otto Gras Von Donhoff son of the German Consul, on a charge of causing the death of Mr. Eduardo Da Silva, by a rash and negligent act commenced to-day before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, third Court.

Mr. Fritz Finkh, Chief Accountant of Messrs Krupp Indian Trading Co., stated that he knows the accused, the son of the German Consul. On June 26 at 3 p.m the accused and his sister came to his residence in a Hupmobile car. The three of them planned to go out.

Mr Thanawalla: Who was in your car?

Witness: (After some hesitation) The sister of the accused was in my car. The accused drove the Hupmobile car which met with the accident.

The late Mr. Eduardo De Silva was picked up by the accused from his home and they were on their way to Malabar Hill.

Witness was following the accused's car and, when he was changing his gears, the sister of the accused told him that something must have happened in front of them.

He looked up and saw Mr. De Silva lying on the road.

Witness saw that he was unconscious but not bleeding. Another car came up and Mr. De Silva was put into it. A constable accompanied Mr. De Silva. Witness got off that car as there was no room in it. He followed the car but missed it.

Several Hospitals were visited but there was no trace of the party. Witness then 'phoned the Colaba Police who informed him that the injured person was in the G.T. Hospital Witness, the accused and his sister went there and then 'phoned the parents of Mr. De Silva and the German Consul.

Witness took the accused and his sister in his car to the Hospital from the scene of the accident.

At this stage further hearing was adjourned to July 26.

Mr. R. J. Thanawalla appeared for the prosecution. Mr. S. A. Vimadalal defended the accused.

Accused Apologises

Sir H. P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Wednesday morning, marked a case in which sepoy employed in the offices of "The Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Sentinel" charged a "Times of India" bookbinder with causing hurt and intimidation, as compounded on the accused tendering an apology and undertaking not to molest the complainant in future.

The C.P.M. warned the accused not to interfere with the complainant in future.

"That death was caused by arsenic and opium poisoning which the deceased had voluntarily administered to himself," was the verdict passed by the Bombay Coroner's Jury to-day, at the inquest on the body of a Punjabi named Arjunsingh Bootasingh, (50) who was found lying dead in his room on the ground floor of Laxmi Nivas at 2nd Pinjrapole Lane on July 7.

The City Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death by opium poisoning, at the inquest held on a child, Vishwanath Dattaram, 11 months old, residing at Mazagaon.

Death was classified as due to misadventure.

The Maharbourie Police applied for the discharge of the following persons as there was no evidence to put them on a charge sheet:

Ramaldas Totaram, Bharalal Chandrabhan and Parvatibai, wife of Ramaldas.

Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, granted the application.

Dhondu Vithal Shirodkar, described as a general merchant and Commission Agent, is alleged to have attempted to take his own life, because he incurred financial losses in his business.

The accused was taken to the J. J. Hospital, as he was suffering from opium poisoning, which is said to have been self-administered.

The Police arrested him last night at the hospital and obtained his remand into custody till August 4, at the Third Court to-day.

Burglar Risks His Life

Last night a cat-burglar risked his life in trying to escape from the first floor of No. 179, Hindu Colony, Dadar. He hoped to save time by jumping on to a neighbouring tree. He reached the ground even quicker than he had expected.

It is also alleged that two more persons who were found loitering about the place were his accomplices.

The three persons and another man were taken into custody by the police.

The Palton Road police arrested three persons near the General Post Office for alleged gambling, last night.

Habib Ahmed Hussein Ahmed, Din Mohamed Abdulla and N. B. Ramoo, the arrested persons, were put up before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day and were enlarged on bail till August 4.

Alleged Breach Of Trust

The manager of a liquor shop in Abdul Rahman Street, was arrested last night on a charge of breach of trust and was produced before the Third Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court to-day.

It was alleged that the accused, who was employed as manager of the liquor shop, nad to account to the owner for all sales and receipts.

On July 1st, when the accounts were made up there was a sum of Rs. 1,025 unaccounted for. The accused put off the complainant with some excuse and failed to turn up for work next day.

When he was arrested last night at the instance of the complainant, he offered to produce the amount. This money has been taken charge of by the police.

The accused was enlarged on bail till July 28.

The gambling case wherein Ardeshir Hormuzdiar Irani is the accused and allegation of bribery and corruption were made against Police officials was once again adjourned at the Dadar Police Court, yesterday.

Mr. Salazar, the defence counsel, moved for a date to which the prosecution had no objection as they wished to the decipher records seized when the accused's place was raided.

The scroll is stated to be in the script of 'Omar Khayyam.'

The case was adjourned to 27th July by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate.

When the case against Giga Damodar, arrested on a warrant on July 5 last for keeping a common gaming house, came up for hearing before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on Tuesday, Mr. D'Cunah, Police Prosecutor, told the Court that the accused was dead and that the case against him might be withdrawn.

The Magistrate accordingly granted permission.

Defamation Case

Mr. Alex Hague Managing Director of Pathe Limited, was cross-examined on Tuesday before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, in the case in which Mr. Gopal Pillai is charged with having defamed Mr. Hague in an article published in the "Exhibitors' Review."

Witness said that he had not seen the accused before and there had been no previous contact with him. Witness sold a magazine known as the "Motion Picture Magazine" in his Theatre. He knew that some articles were published in that magazine, attacking the Motion Picture Society of India, of which he was a member.

Witness stated that the whole article written by "Cinemawalla" was defamatory. Asked as to which portions he took objection, witness said that he objected to the whole article.

After the cross-examination of a typist, Miss Smith, further hearing was adjourned to the 29th instant.

Convicted Of Gaming

Fifteen out of the 27 accused arrested in the "Social Club" Frere Road pleaded guilty to the charge of being present in a common gaming house for the purpose of gaming, when the hearing of their cases was taken up before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, third court to-day.

Mr. F. J. Patel who appeared for the defence stated that he had advised his clients, 15 in number to plead guilty to the charge against them.

These persons, he said, were subjected to considerable hardship by the owners or promoters of these so-called Clubs.

Mr. R. P. Thanawalla for the prosecution stated that over Rs. 400 was found in the Club. A general raid of all Clubs in the city was organised and carried out by the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Crime Branch, as the "authorities felt that the menace was growing and it was time to put it down with a strong hand".

The accused were then called up individually and fines ranging from Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 were imposed on each of them.

"It is true that this is a first conviction, but at the same time, considering that the accused who is a bill-collector earning about Rs. 15 only carried on a frialy vast business in 'Ank-Farakh' as is revealed by the number of slips and the amounts of money recovered from his room, I think a sentence of imprisonment as well as that of fine is necessary," remarked Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, in convicting Oudh Naresh Bachasing.

Bachasing was arrested on May 24 last, following a gaming raid by Sub-Inspector G. K. Sawant of the Anti-Gambling Squad in the passage of the ground floor of Badri Kashram, Second Khetwadi Lane.

The accused pleaded guilty.

The Magistrate awarded one month's R. I. and a fine of Rs. 500 or in default to suffer one month's further R. I. on both the counts.

SANDHURST ROAD RAID

Following a gaming raid on the passage of the entrance of Krishna Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road, last night alleged sutta slips and cash were seized by the police.

Nagappa Somappa and Vasant Krishna were alleged to have been found accepting bets, while Tukaram Tabra and Tannayya Bagga were stated to have been found betting on the otla of Central Castle, Girgaum Road.

All the four accused were produced before the Girgaum Magistrate and ordered to be released on bail for a fortnight.

"TEXTILE JOURNAL" EDITOR DEAD

S. M. Rutnagur Passes Away At The Age Of 72

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Sorabji Muncherji Rutnagur, J.P., at the age of 72, on Tuesday last. Mr. Sorabji was the founder and editor of the "Indian Textile Journal' and also the joint-editor of the "Indian Municipal Journal and Sanitary Record."

After the completion of his education Mr. Rutnagur got sufficient training as Mill Manager in different cotton mills in Bombay. He was a member of the first Managing Committee of the Bombay Sanitary Association. He was on the Board of the Bandra Municipality from 1917-1920.

Mr. Rutnagur was Director of the Patents Department of Messrs. M. C. Rutnagur and Company for over 45 years. He was also well-known as the author of several patented inventions.

"Electricity in India," "Bombay Industries: the Cotton Mills" and "Men and Women of India' are some of his publications.

CALCUTTA MAIL 4½ HOURS LATE

The Calcutta Mail (Via Nagpur) arrived at the Victoria Terminus station, Bombay, at 12 noon to-day 4½ hours late. The scheduled time of arrival being 7-30.

The delay was due, it is stated to Engine trouble, which developed near Bhusawal.

Mahaluxmi Harijan Free Dispensary

Shrimati Ratanbai L. Mehta writes:

Unfortunately for us Dr. Yashvant Jagannath Murkute who rendered honorary services to the above dispensary died, and the other Doctor Daruwala lost his father and he has also ceased coming. Thus we have lost the valuable services of two doctors, and our dispensary has practically been without a doctor except for Dr. Mulchand Mukati, who finds it too difficult to cope with the rush of the patients. The following are the figures which would prove the above statement. During the last three months the number of Harijan males treated is 302, females 216, and 630 children, in all 1,181.

The dispensary was closed for sometime during riots.

From the above it can be seen that the dispensary badly requires the services of two doctors. In Bombay there are many large-hearted doctors who can volunteer their services. The dispensary hours are from 5-30 in the evening. If any doctor wishes he may be allowed a carriage hire of Rs. 20 to 30 a month. I hope I will be fortunate enough to get at least one.

Again I appeal to the public if they can supply me with medicine or the cost of medicine, for the poor. These chawls are at a distance from this city and it is too difficult for the patients to go to the nearest dispensary. Again many of them suffer from malnutrition, and this is bound to be because of the poverty. If any generous person comes out to offer milk for the children, I will be very thankful to him.

The following are the donations to Dadar Sarvajanik Free Night School.

Seth Ratanji Nasarvanji Lakdawala—Rs. 50.

Seth Bhavanji Arjun Khimjee M.L.A.—Rs. 25.

Corporation Scouts And Seva Samiti

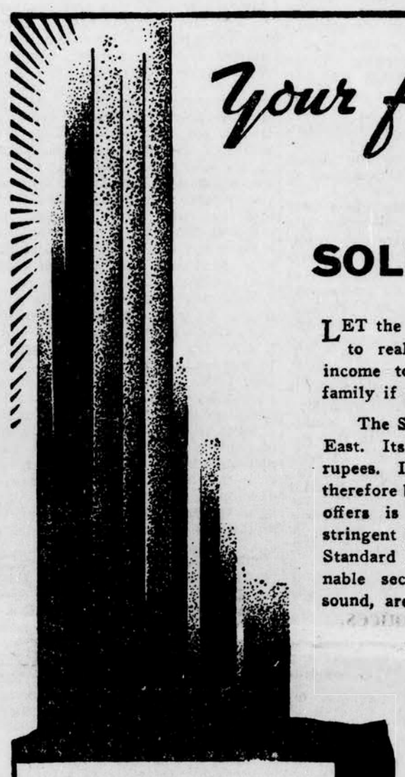
The question of Boy Scouts movement which has been disaffiliated from the Bombay Municipal Schools will be discussed on Friday by the Schools Committee.

It will be recalled that on 1st July last the Bombay Municipal Corporation passed the following resolution:

"That the Corporation are of opinion that as a mark of protest against the recent objectionable utterances of Lord Baden-Powell on the character of the Indian people, the Scout and Girl Guide Troops attached to the Municipal Schools be disaffiliated from the Official Baden-Powell Scout Movement."

Since then the Headquarters Commissioner of the Seva Samiti Boy Scouts Association has addressed the following letter to the Schools Committee which will also be considered while discussing the question of disaffiliation:

"We have read in the papers that your Corporation intends closing down the Scout Troops in the schools under it on account of the recent unsatisfactory utterance of Lord Baden-Powell in England with regard to India. If so, may I request you and through you your Corporation to get your troops affiliated to the Seva Samiti Boy Scouts' Association, which is a National Movement having been started by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in 1918?"



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Jawahar's Attitude Towards Organisation Welcomed

Kisan Committee's Plea For Collective Affiliation With Congress

The first meeting of the All-India Kisan Committee was held on the 14th and 15th July, 1937, at Niamatpur, Gaya. Prof. N. G. Ranga took the chair.

Members were present from all quarters of India, including Swami Sahajanand, Indulal Yagnik, Bankim Mukerjee, Dutt Mazumdar, and Avadhesha Prasad.

The first item on the agenda was the report from the zone secretaries of the A.I.K.C. Messrs. Bankim Mukerjee, Indulal Yagnik, Sahajanand Saraswati narrated tremendous work that has been done in the provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Surma Valley Gujarat, Berar and the Punjab amongest other places. Bengal, Bihar and Orissa will give a membership of about a lakh within a very short period. Mr. Bedi being absent the General Secretary narrated, on behalf of the Secretary in charge of the Punjab, of the work that has been done there. Some special arrangements for extending work and consolidating all peasant workers of the United Provinces, Assam and some other provinces were made.

A huge meeting of the peasants of the various localities of the district were held at Niayamatpur on both the days to hear from the Kisan leaders that have come from various parts of the country. Before the huge meeting of more than 5,000 peasants Prof. Ranga, Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, Niharendu Dutta Mazumdar, Bankim Mukerjee, Harshdeo Malaviya and some others addressed the meeting. Great enthusiasm has been created amongst the peasants and all peasants organisers.

Resolutions

The following resolutions were passed at the All-India Kisan Committee meeting:—

"This meeting of the A.I.K.C. welcomes the controversy that has developed in the press on the question of the relation of Kisan Sabhas with the Indian National Congress as a sign of the recognition of the rapidly developing strength of these organisations in various parts of this country. In the opinion of the Committee the plea of national unity being jeopardised by organising separate Kisan Sabhas is untenable. The fulfilment of the tasks of the national revolution demands on unity of not a loose mechanical sort, but a real organic unity of all the classes and elements trained together with a common revolutionary purpose and actuated by a common motive for the overthrow of Imperialism. The Committee hold that at the present stage and in the present character of the national movement, a little conflict here and there between certain sections of the national revolutionary forces and the class forces of peasants and workers, may become unavoidable and the surest remedy against this is the acceptance by the Indian National Congress of the policy of collective affiliation. Hence the Committee endorses the statement of Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, the General Secretary on the subject and categorically reaffirms his unequivocal statement that the existence of a separate and independent Kisan Sabhas is most essential and can in no circumstances be dispensed with."

Congress Attitude Welcomed

"The Committee welcomes the resolution adopted by the Utkal Provincial Congress Committee on June 14th which states that "the policy of the Congress has always been and is to encourage the peasants to have their own organisations to protect their interests in as much as the Indian National Congress in its session at Karachi, Lucknow, and Faizpur has unequivocally accepted the fundamental rights of peasants to form their unions."

"This Committee recognises the spirit of cordial sympathy towards the Kisan movement animating Congress President's recent statement on its relation to the Indian National Congress and welcomes his recognition of the inherent rights of the industrial workers and peasants to organise themselves. But, while fully conscious of the great role and status of the Congress as an anti-imperialistic organisation and of the necessity of co-operating with it in carrying the struggle for political freedom. The Committee must point out that the inalienable right of Kisans to form their own unions cannot possibly be conditioned or affected in any degree by any consideration of the existence, strength or weakness of the Congress organisations in any area. The Committee further holds that Kisan Sabhas should be started everywhere to carry on their day to day struggle against the Government, landlords moneylenders and all other exploiting classes not only for their economic amelioration but also for developing and intensifying the fight against foreign imperialism and its Indian allies."

Fraternal Feelings

"This Committee appreciates the fraternal feeling expressed by the Indian National Congress President in appealing to the Congress workers to help the organisation and development of Kisan Sabhas and reciprocates the feeling with its appeal to the Kisan Sabha workers to enrol peasants as members of the Indian National Congress pending collective affiliation.

"Lastly this committee denounces all attempts to villify the Kisan movement under various pretexts and all efforts made in various quarters to subordinate the Kisan Sabha to the control of the Congress committees and exhorts all Kisan workers to strengthen their organisation by enrolling mass membership and forge ahead with their specific tasks with full faith in the great role, critical and constructive, of the Kisan movement in the people's struggle for freedom."

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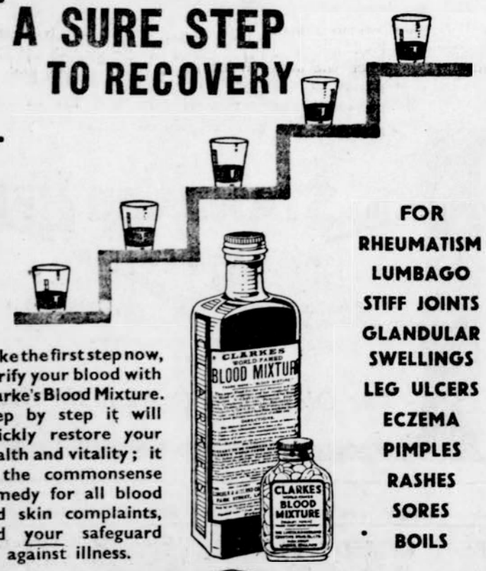

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BOMBAY'S WATER SUPPLY.

Tansa Lake Shows Better Record Than Last Year

There was heavy rain in the Tansa lake area which supplies water to Bombay city. The Tulsi and Powai lakes are already overflowing for the past few days. During the week ending 17th July, the Tulsi lake recorded 22.38 inches of rain, Powai lake 18.66, Vehar lake 17.48 and Tansa lake 10.96. The Tansa lake had at the end of the week 30,966 million gallons of water. Last year at the same time Tansa lake had only 24,698 million gallons of water.

Broach Muslims Protest Against Palestine Report

(From Our Correspondent.)
BROACH, (By Mail).

The Broach Muslim League General Board met under the presidency of Janab Pirzada Syed Mumuddin Amirmiyan, when resolution protesting against the partitions of Palestine was passed unanimously. The meeting also requested the B. B. & C. I. Railway to grant concession tickets to passengers attending Ajmer fair. It was also resolved to ask the Government of Bombay to appoint at least one headmaster and one Senior Deputy Assistant for Gujarat.

WOMAN GIVES BIRTH TO QUADRUPLETS

ALLAHABAD, July, 21.

It is reported from Amroha (U. P.) that a milk-woman in village Nawada gave birth to two sons and two daughters.

The quadruplets are healthy.—United Press.

OUTLAW ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, July 21.

An outlaw Khodajee Dhirajee of village Palaji in Dehgaum taluka of Mehsana District, was harassing the people of Pethapur State and had escaped. He has now been arrested by one Rajput Juwansingh Amarsingh from Viramgam taluka and has been handed over to the authorities of Pethapur State.

ROBIN IN AMRITSAR

AMRITSAR, July 20.

Mr. Robin Chatterjee, world endurance swimming champion, is now here. He intends to create another world record by swimming with tied hands and feet.—United Press.

Impose Octroi On Chicory

(From Our Correspondent).
CHICKMAGALUR (Mysore): (By Mail).

At a meeting of the Indian Planters' Association, held here, a resolution requesting the Indian Coffee Cess Committee to move all Governments in India to impose octroi duty on the import of chicory into all municipal areas in India, was passed.

WOMEN UNDER HINDU LAW

How Their Position Has Deteriorated By British Policy

On Saturday last, Mr. B. N. Gokhale, Advocate, delivered the first of a series of lectures on the "Position of women under Hindu Law, past and present," under the auspices of the Standing Sectional Committee on Legislation of the National Council of Women in India, at the Wilson College, Bombay.

He pointed out that Hindu law as administered by the Courts in British India, apart from certain legislative enactments, was not to be found embodied in a statute or code authorised by the State. The Hindu notion of law was that it was of divine origin, independent of and superior to royalty. That is to be explained by the fear probably common to all ancient communities, and not entirely absent in the modern,—for instance the recent constitutional crisis in Japan,—that in the absence of any check, the military class might become unduly overbearing. Medhatithi's interpretation of Manu's text shows that the subjects and king's officers were under an obligation to obey whatever law king imposed on them by proclamation, while commentaries like Sarawati Vilas, reputed to be written by Prince Rudra Dev of Cuttack and others under the behests of the King, show an approximation of the Hindu conception of law to that current in the modern age.

POLICY OF THE BRITISH.

Hindu law is applied to Hindus by the Courts in British India under the reservation of personal law in certain spheres sanctioned since the days of Warren Hastings, subject to such modifications and alterations as have been effected by legislative enactments. When the sovereign power in a state is alien, expediency and political considerations, apart from the sentiment of religious toleration and liberty, always dictate that it should disturb, as little as possible, the religious notions and customs of the subject race, a fact which explains not only how Hindu law came to be applied to the Hindus after the British conquest of this country, but also why even now it has undergone so slight a change in its incidents despite the vast change in the social outlook of the people as a whole.

WOMEN'S POSITION DETERIORATES.

The dawn of the age of chivalry enabled women in the West to break down their fetters and restore their position on the basis of some kind of social equality, this task being much facilitated by the Reformation and the tremendous forces let loose by the same. Unfortunately for Hindu women there was no such opportunity.

The vedic ideology in religious matters underwent a change for the worse. The caste system grew more rigid and there was a contraction in the sphere of connubium and commensality. There was an attempt to monopolise knowledge and women began to suffer from restrictions, originally not known such as seclusion and loss of proprietary rights, and a general debasing effect on their social, economic and legal position was discernible.

WHY BLAME MUSLIMS.

On the other hand, the caste system, in so far as it affected the defensive organisation of the country, acted as a contributory factor in the loss of political independence. It would be wrong to make the Mahomedan conquest of India a scapegoat for all the ills from which Hindu society is suffering and it must be admitted that enlightened rulers like Akbar tried to grapple with customs like child marriage and Sati.

The British administration introduced many reforms not the least of which is the introduction of a common administration of justice and its effect on Hindu law has been at once to separate the functions of the judge and jurist and to terminate the ascendancy of the religious oligarchy. But law was accepted as unchangeable in some respects with the result that progress was arrested; and where an attempt was made at interpretation, changed conditions were ignored, and the result was anything but beneficial in some directions at least.

According to eminent authorities, the rights of women, both under the Mitakshara and Dayabhaga, have been curtailed, and what is most unfortunate, even in cases of admitted error, the mistake could not be remedied on the principle of the inadvisability of interfering with a long current of judicial decisions.

Scissors Used 52 Years

BEREA, O.—For 52 years Charles Lane, proprietor of a dry goods store, has used the same pair of scissors for cutting dress goods.

CITY GETS RAIN IN CENTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The city was comparatively free from rain to-day and yesterday, though there was some slight drizzle from a passing cloud or two.

The temperature remained normal and the atmosphere was more pleasant.

Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m., to-day was 30 cents at Colaba, 56 cents in the Fort area, 18 cents at Byculla and 57 cents at Matunga.

The maximum temperature for the same period was 85 degrees and the minium was 75 degrees. There was no departure from the normal.

Rainfall since beginning of June was 38.41 inches at Colaba (1.26 inches above normal), 54.62 inches in the Fort area, 48.45 inches in Byculla and 44.76 inches at Matunga.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Vigorous Monsoon In Several Provinces

POONA, July 21.

A trough of low pressure lies this morning in North Bay of Bengal. The monsoon has been vigorous in West Central Idia, East and North Punjab; strong in the Central Provinces, North Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Deccan and active in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, East United Provinces, Northwest Frontier Province, Rajputana and Konkan. There has also been local rain in West United Provinces, Kashmir, Northwest Frontier Province, Gujarat and Bombay Deccan, while a few falls have occurred in Bihar, Southwest Punjab, Baluchistan, Southeast Madras, North Madras Coast and South Hyderabad.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Khandala, and Mercara 5 inches; Neemuch, Mount Abu and Mahableshwar 4; Barisal, Chittagong, Jagdalpur, Dalhousie, Sialkot, Khushab, Marmagoa and Cochin 3 inches each; Kashmir, Bahraich, Akola, Baroda, Hissar, Murree, Darwar and Mangalore 2 inches each; Cherat, Bangalore and Srinagar 1 inch each.

FORECAST

The monsoon will be generally strong in South Bengal, Orissa, Central Parts of the country, West Coast of the Peninsula and active in Gujarat, Deccan and Mysore. Local rain is likely in Assam, North Bengal, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Southeast of Madras and North Madras Coast. Thundershowers are also likely to be fairly widespread in Rajputana and in and around North Punjab and local in United Provinces and Sind.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely in Southwest Bengal, Orissa and in and around North Punjab during the next forty-eight hours.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 21/7/1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —034 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m 81.8 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m 77.9 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.8 degrees 0.2 (below normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.5 degrees 0.4 (above normal).
Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 83 p.c
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WNW.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 14 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 213 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 27 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10
Rain in 24 hours 0.30 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 20.69 inches.
Total rainfall during the year 38.97 inches.
Weather Remark—Showery

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 21/7/37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.82 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.62 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Rajkot's Leading Barrister Dies

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, July 21.

Rao Bahadur P. G. Masurekar, one of the leading barristers of Rajkot, expired this morning here by heart-failure at an old age. The deceased was suffering from Asthma for long time. He was taking good interest in public activities and was the President of the local Vanita Vishram.

Kakori Prisoner For Naini

ALLAHABAD: July 21.

Sachin Sanyal, a Kakori prisoner, has been brought to Naini Jail where he is now lodged.—United Press.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

a.m.

8-30 Khayal. V. D Jogiekar. "Aj nahi waye piya" Givanpuri. 8-40 Talk (Hindi): "The Ancients at Home." By M. V. Raj. A series of talks dealing with the little known phases in the lives of great men. 8-55 Marathi Songs. V. D. Jogiekar. "Sakh aal: usha" Nishra Nand (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.

12-0 noon. Selection of Indian Music. (Recorded—H.M.V. and Columbia.)

p.m.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Under the Bower (Recorded—H.M.V.) 6-0 The News in Marathi. 6-5 Boyd Neel String Orchestra. Divertimento in D—Mozart. Divertimento in F—Mozart. (Recorded—Dacca). 6-30 To the Bhumijan A programme arranged for the villager. 7-30 "About the Home" A Real Cook's Tour. "Spanish Dishes." by Hilda Flanders. 7-45 The Viennese Orchestra. From Mongini's Ltd. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "Behind the Wheel". By Pilot Ray. 9-15 The News. 9-30 Variety. "Bachha". A Hindustani Duet. By Allabux and Shahajan. "Madhu-Murali" A musical episode by the VUB Indian Orchestra. "Prem" A Hindustani Duet. By Allabux and Shahjan. 10-10 Light Classical Music. Prof. Lakshmansingh of Manicknagar.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

a.m.

7-0 AIR Orchestra. Ahiri. 7-10 Sachin Das of Calcutta. "Tum bin kaun khabariya" Devgiri Bilawal "Jagi sari rain—Dadra Malhar. 7-40 Sarangi Solo. Bhairon. 7-5 A Musical Interlude. (Recorded 8-10 Iqbal Putli of Meerut. 'Rakh lijo"—Bhairvi. "Har bhaj Har bhaj Ram sumar le Bhajan. "Chhum Chhanan bundiyan barsen." "Sar pe suraja gaya mehshar ke maidan me Rasul Asiyon ko lo chhupa tum apne daman men Rasul". 8-40 The News (Hindustani). 8-50 The News. (English).

p.m.

12-30 Indian Music. (Recorded) 6-30 Shahnai Solo. 6-40 Sachin Das of Calcutta. "Pia pardes ali gaman kino" Patdeep. "Muli wale Sham." Thumri Khammaj. Kajri 7-5 Guess who is Singing. "Dil se tiri nigah jigar tak utar gai Dono ko ik ada men razamand kar gai Ghalib. (Each verse of this ghazal will be sung by a different artist). 7-15 Iqbal Putli of Meerut "Koyaliya kuk sunae". "Ah woh daur-i-zindagi jis ka laqab shabab tha, Kaisi latif nind thi kaisa hasin khaab tha." "Mora chhota sa valma." Dadra. 7-30 Talk (Hindustani): "Domestic Satires". No. 4. Ham-Zulf. Khawaja Abdul Majid." 7-45 "For Villagers Only" (Time Signal and Stock Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-30 Sachin Das of Calcutta. "Ali mere ae-Jai jai Vanti. Man bhawaniya" Thumri Pilu. 8-50 Sarod Solo Tilak Kamod. 8-55 Iqbal Putli of Meerut. 'Garjat ae" Malhar. "Dehr men naqsh-i-wafa wajh-i-tassali na hua Hai yeh woh lafz ke sharminda-i-maeni no hua." Ghalib. "Nachat chhahha chhum ban men mor." Thumri Bihag. "Kanhaiya ji ban me.." Bhajan. 9-15 The News and Weather Report. (Hindustani). 9-30 The News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 "Readings." 10-0 Astoria Sextette. "An Hour of 'live' Mance Music". Leader Harry Langham.

MEAKIN FOOTBALL CUP 1937

Revised Draw

The following revised programme for the Meakin Football Cup is issued in supersession of that published as a Notice to Bombay District Orders dated 22nd June, 1937.

All matches will be played at the Cooperage.

Match 'A' 26th July, 1937, commencing at 5-45 p.m.
Match 'B' 27th July, 1937, commencing at 5-45 p.m.
Match 'C' 28th July, 1937, commencing at 4-30 p.m.
Match 'D' 28th July, 1937, commencing at 5-45 p.m.
Match 'E' 29th July, 1937, commencing at 4-30 p.m.
Match 'F' 29th July, 1937, commencing at 5-45 p.m.
Match 'G' 31st July, 1937, commencing at 5-45 p.m.

Glands Made Young —Vigour Renewed Without Operation

If you feel old before your time or suffer from nerve, brain and physical weakness, you will find new happiness and health in an American medical discovery which restores youthful vigour and vitality quicker than gland operations. It is a simple home treatment in tablet form, discovered by an American Doctor. Absolutely harmless and easy to take, but the newest and most powerful invigourator known to science. It acts directly on your glands, nerves, and vital organs, builds new, pure blood, and works so fast that you can see and feel new body power and vigour in 24 to 48 hours. Because of its natural action on glands and nerves, your brain power, memory and eyesight often improve amazingly.

And this amazing new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs is guaranteed. It has been tested and proved by thousands in America, and is now available at all chemists here. Get Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs from your chemist today. Put it to the test. See the big improvement in 24 hours. Take the full bottle, which lasts eight days, under the positive guarantee that it must make you full of vigour, energy and vitality, and feel 10 to 20 years younger or money back on return of empty package. A special double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

RECOMMENDED BY I M S. DOCTORS

Batliwalla Ague Mixture & PILLS

Sole Selling Agents:—P. M. PATNI & Co.
Tel. Address:—Ligature. Princess Street, BOMBAY 2.

YET ANOTHER FACILITY!

Instead of taking big amounts in Currency Notes while travelling you may now carry

CENTRAL'S RUPEE TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

They Save You a Lot of Trouble. No More Any Danger of Losing Your Money.

Available in denominations of Rs. 25, Rs. 50 & Rs. 100/-

Cashable at any of the numerous Branches and Pay-offices of

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 14, 1993
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 13, 1356
Parsi: Behman 20, 1306
Hightide: 11-44; 23-21
Lowtide: 4-44; 17-48
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 18m.

S. S. 'Ranpura' with mails from London of the 8th instant due at 4 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Saturday, July 24.

S. S. 'Carthage' sails for London at 1 p.m.

Monday July 26.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Prof. P. A. Wadia will meet his senior students in Political Theory in the University Building, and Rev. Fr. Duhr in German in St. Xavier's College, to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m.

LAL BAVTA PRESS KAMGAR UNION, BOMBAY

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union will be held to-day (Thursday), at 9 p.m. at the Office of the Union.

RATIONALIST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

A lunch of the members of the Association and their friends will be held at the Mongini's at 1 p.m. on Sunday, the 25th of July, 1937, Mr. M. C. Chagla will speak on "Rationalism and Civil Liberties in India." Admission is by tickets.

MATRIC CLASSES

The Young Men's Hindu Association has decided to start English classes for Matric students as from 1st August. Particulars can be obtained in the office of the Association, Vithalbhai Patel Road, between 7 a.m. to 8 a.m. and between 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION

Mr. K. R. Ramanathan Meteorologist, Colaba Observatory, will deliver a lecture on "The Earth's Magnetism and the Upper Air" with lantern slides, in the Demonstration Hall of the Secondary Training College, Cruickshank Road, Bombay, to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Vice-President of the Association will preside.

MATINEES TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P.M.
THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
"Please Teacher"
A Musical Comedy
Starring
BOBBY HOWES
Singing, Dancing, Clowning

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
DICK POWELL MADELEINE CARROLL
in the stunning musical
"ON THE AVENUE"

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Sea Devils". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Lost Horizon" Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Please Teacher". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Robinson Crusoe". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The President". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Frontiers of Freedom". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Dukhiari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Pratibha". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"On the Avenue". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jagirdar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"A Family Affair." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Love of a Slave" Time as usual.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

A meeting of the members of the General Council (Active Members) of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Party office.

TIVIMNENSES UNION

Under the auspices of the Tivimnenses Union, the Feast of St. Christopher, Patron of Tivim, will be celebrated on Sunday, 25th at 9 a.m. by a Solemn High Mass, Sermon and Exposition of the Blessed Sacrament, "at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul."

PUBLIC MEETING AT CHOWPATY

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, a public meeting will be held on Chowpaty to-day (Thursday), at 6 p.m. Mr. Nimbkar, Mrs. Maniben Mulji, Messrs. Karnik, Randive, Kulkarni, Bhogle, Bhise, Lalji Pendse, Z. R. Chaudhary and others will speak.

D. C. MODI TO ACT FOR R. P. MASANI.

Mr. Dhirajlal C. Modi has been elected as the representative of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the B.B. & C.I. Railway Local Advisory Committee, in place of Mr. R. P. Masani on leave abroad.

THE BOMBAY FIELD-CLUB.

The Bombay Field-Club has arranged a study visit to the Prince of Wales Museum to inspect the ancient coins which are exhibited in the Coins Gallery. Mr. G. V. Acharya, B.A., M.R.A.S., Curator, Archaeological Section, Prince of Wales Museum will show to the party some of the rare coins belonging to the ancient Indian period before the advent of the Mahomedans in this country. The time of this visit will be 1 p.m. on Saturday, 24th July. Those who are interested in the study of these coins are requested to give their names to Mr. I. B. Patel, Hon. Secretary, the Bombay Field-Club, School of Economics and Sociology, University of Bombay, before Friday, 23rd July.

PARSI STATISTICAL BUREAU & FREE SHOW.

The Parsi Statistical Bureau regret that many Parsis had to return home on last Sunday as there was no room in the Lamington Theatre for the free cinema show. The doors of the theatre were, however, closed to the public ten minutes after the show began.

As there is another free show at the Apollo Theatre, Parel on Sunday (25th inst.) the public are requested to come to the show five minutes before the fixed time (9 a.m. S.T.). It is not permitted by Police rules to accommodate more persons than what the theatre actually provides for. Children under 15 years of age will not be admitted to the show under any circumstances and parents are requested to draw the notice of the children to this fact.

HINDU'S PUBLIC MEETING

A public meeting of the Hindus of Bombay will be held at the Madhavbagh, C. P. Tank, at 7 p.m. to-day (Thursday) under the presidentship of Shri Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurtkoti) to consider the question of cow slaughter at Muttra. Pandit Gopal Prasad Chaturvedi, President of the Muttra Hindu Sabha, Pandit Jamna Prasad Chaturvedi, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and others will address the meeting.

Reception To Savarkar

Lokmanya Seva Sangh, Vile-Parle will give a public reception to Mr. V. D. Savarkar to-day (Thursday), at 9 p.m. in the Tilak Mandir, Gokhale Hall, Vile-Parle, East. Seth L. R. Tairsee will preside.

A public meeting at Shanvarpet, Poona, being addressed by Congress leaders on Monday evening.

RAILWAYMEN'S CONFERENCE IN BOMBAY

Thirty delegates representative of the dozen A Class Railway Systems of India and Burma are expected to attend the 41st annual Conference of the National Union of Railwaymen, which starts its three-day sessions in Bombay to-day (Thursday), under the distinguished presidency of Mr. C. W. A. Gidney.

Among the subjects that figure on the agenda are the Mudie and the Wedgwood Reports, the revised rules with regard to Railway Staff's pay and free passes, as well as the question of devising ways and means to affiliate the different Unions in the country under the banner of the Corporation of Railway Unions (India), that was recently formed at Delhi by Sir Henry Gidney and Dr. Ziaud-Din Ahmed.

The Conference is also expected to lay out propaganda tours all over India with a view to foster unity and solidarity within the ranks of Railway Labour.

The National Union of Railwaymen is the oldest living Labour organisation in the country and is the only one of its kind that is managed exclusively by railway servants and ex-railway servants.

BURIAL GROUND FOR ALIA BOHRAS

Corporation Standing Committee's Sanction

The Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation on Wednesday considered an application from some members of the Alia Bohra community addressed to the Municipal Commissioner stating that they are put to great inconvenience when deaths occur in their community, as they are not allowed to bury their dead either at the Dawoodi Bohra cemetery or the Suleman Bohra Jamat cemetery. They have therefore requested that a separate cemetery should be provided for them. Their number in the City is small, but as there is no cemetery in which they can bury their dead, it is necessary to provide one for them, and a plot of land at Haines Road has been selected in consultation with their leading men. The plot measures 1000 square yards and will be sufficient for the purpose. It forms part of the Municipal land which, along with the land included in the Roman Catholic cemetery, was originally acquired from Government for a Mahomedan cemetery, but was not so used as the Mahomedans were given a plot at Antop Hill instead. The plot proposed to be given is adjacent to the Roman Catholic Cemetery at Haines Road, the cost of the compound wall that will have to be put up is estimated at Rs. 2,988.

The Committee approved of the Municipal Commissioner's recommendation to give the plot of land and sanctioned Rs. 2,988 for building the wall.

MUSLIM MASS CONTACT COMMITTEE & MR. NARIMAN

Mr. Sadik, a member of the Muslim Mass Contact Committee of the B. P. C. C. has given notice of a resolution to be placed before the next meeting of the Committee, stating that the work of the Muslim Mass Contact had been rendered much more difficult by the treatment given to Mr. Nariman and requesting the Congress President to intervene in the matter and bring about a satisfactory solution of the same.

NATIONAL SCOUT MOVEMENT

Preliminary Conference On Saturday

The Honorary Secretary, B. P. Students' Federation, writes:—

A Preliminary Conference to consider ways and means to organise the National Scout Movement for the Bombay Presidency will be held on Saturday at 6 p.m. at Blavatsky Hall, French Bridge, when Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai has kindly consented to preside. Prominent educationists, ex-scouters and scouts, members of the Senate, Municipal Corporators, lawyers, businessmen and doctors will be present and take part in the discussion. All interested in the movement are requested to be present.

ALL-SIDED SUPPORT

The idea of a National Scout Movement, which took a concrete shape at the students' meeting, which was held in the beginning of this month under the presidentship of Mr. K. F. Nariman has been gradually taking the form of a regular organisation. It is gratifying to learn that persons from all communities and representing every shade of opinion have agreed to the necessity of a National Scout Movement, and the following are amongst the large number of ladies and gentlemen who have agreed to attend a Conference which is to be held on Saturday, the 24th July, 1937, to give a final footing to the National Scout Movement of the Bombay Presidency:

Messrs. Bhulabhai J. Desai, K. M. Munshi, M.L.A., Mrs Hansa Mehta M.L.C., Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. J. K. Mehta (Secretary, Indian Merchants' Chamber), Dr. G. B. Deshmukh, M.L.A., Mr. Eruchshaw Hirjibehdin, Miss Godavari Gokhle (Women's Fellowship of Service), Dr. B. H. Mehta, Messrs. S. V. Sukhla, (Principal, Fellowship School), Jehangir Vakil, N. R. Dalal, and C. U. Desai, (Principals, Esplanade High School), Shantilal Shah, M.L.C., (Solicitor), G. S. Chitre, (ex-Scout Organiser, Bikaner State), Amirboukh K. Bava, K. K. Menon, (New Era School), Jal A. D. Nowroji, K. F Nariman, M.L.A., S. A. Brelvi, M. C. Chhagla, Bar-at-Law, S. G. Parulekar, M.L.A., Profs. P. A. Wadia and R. D. Choksi, Dr. J. C. Kumarappa, Prof. Bhanushankar Vyas, Messrs C. J. Bhatt, (Principal, Andheri High School), Indulal Yagnik, C. B. Kora, (Architect), V. V. Kankere, (ex-scouter), and K. D. Merchant.

Return Tickets At 1½ Fares

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY EXTEND PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY TO SIX DAYS

The following subjects among others were discussed at the 114th meeting of the B. B. & C. I Railway Local Advisory Committee, held on 24th June:—

The earnings for the financial year 1936-37 showed an increase of Rs. 67.65 lakhs and the working expenses an increase of Rs. 3.50 lakhs as compared with last year. The net earnings were thus Rs 64.15 lakhs better than last year.

Issue of 1st and 2nd class return tickets at week-end fares between Bombay and Ahmedabad and Bombay and Baroda.

As an experimental measure, first and second class return tickets at 1 1/2 fares are being issued daily from Bombay to Ahmedabad and vice versa' with effect from 29th May 1937, and from Bombay to Baroda and 'vice versa' with effect from 16th June 1937 within an availability of 5 days for the return journey, from mid-night of the date of issue.

In compliance with a request, the period of availability of these concession return tickets was increased from 5 to 6 days.

Issue of third class week-end return tickets at 1 1/2 fares ex Ahmedabad to Abu Road.

With the object of encouraging pilgrim traffic to Ambaji Mata, third class week-end return tickets at 1 1/2 fares are being issued from Ahmedabad to Abu Road as an experimental measure, with effect from 19th June 1937. —A.P.

G WARD CONGRESSMEN'S CONFERENCE

Reception Committee Formed

The Jt. Secretary Pro. Reception Committee of the "G" Ward Congressmen's Conference, writes:—

The Managing Council of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee decided in its meeting to organise a Conference of Congressmen in the Ward. The main object of the Conference is to activise the organisation by bringing together all its members and provide them an opportunity for expression to develop contact with the people and particularly with the Muslims on the one hand and with the industrial workers on the other. This in fact is implementing the Faizpur resolution on Mass Contact.

Consequently, by a resolution the Managing Council, transformed itself into the Provisional Reception Committee. An Executive Committee has been appointed by the Reception Committee to make adequate arrangements with Messrs. G. S. Kanthi, V. G. Kulkarni, and G. I Patel as Joint Secretaries.

The Managing Council has laid down the following with regard to the formation of the Reception Committee. The fee for the Reception Committee membership is Re. 1 only, and fee for delegate is 1 anna. It has been decided that only such persons that are members of the Ward Committee or shall enrol themselves as such shall be entitled to be members of the Reception Committee or delegates.

An informal meeting of the Congress sympathisers and supporters will be held on Saturday the 24th instant, with a view to develop the preliminary work of the Conference.

As one of the objects of the Conference is to propagate the Congress ideal of independence as laid down in the Faizpur resolution a number of big and small meetings will be held throughout the Ward.

The people of the Ward are, therefore, requested to help the Reception Committee to make the Conference a success, by becoming members of the Reception Committee, by becoming delegates in thousands, by generously donating and by participating in every function organised by the Congress Committee.

BAND AT POONA BUND GARDENS.

By kind permission of His Excellency the Governor, the Band will play at the Bund Garden, Poona, on Friday, 23rd July 1937, from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.

Allahabad.—Swami Sahajanand Saraswati of Bihar is expected to arrive in Allahabad on Thursday to meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to discuss matters regarding the Kisan organisation work in United Provinces.

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT

Sequel To Defendants' Refusal To Hand Over Books Of Account To Receiver

Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court heard the notice of motion taken on behalf of Gundo Babaji Tilwe in connection with his suit against one Hanumant Sitaram and his brother.

The notice of motion required the two defendants to show cause why they should not be committed to jail for contempt of court.

The proceedings were a sequel to a decree for Rs. 93,000 obtained by the plaintiff against the defendants' firm at Hubli and the appointment of a court receiver to take charge of the outstandings and debts and books of accounts of the defendants.

CHARGE OF OBSTRUCTION

The court receiver authorised one Mr. Nagarwala to act as his agent and take charge of the books of accounts. Accordingly on December 25 last Mr. Nagarwala went to the defendants' residence where he met the second defendant who sent for his pleader. After some discussion, the pleader told Mr. Nagarwala that according to the practice prevailing in the town, the receiver himself must attend personally to take possession of the books. Mr. Nagarwala then wanted to take an inventary of the books, but the second defendant declined. Mr. Nagarwala warned the defendant of the consequences. The pleader, thereupon, asked for time to consider the question and requested Mr. Nagarwala to come again in the afternoon.

When Mr. Nagarwala went again, he found the front door locked. On his knocking at a side door which was bolted from inside, the second defendant's brother came out, and said that both the defendants had left the house and he did not know where they had gone.

The plaintiff had not been able to trace the whereabouts of the defendants and the books had not been yet handed over to the court receiver.

Under the circumstances, the contempt proceedings were taken against the two defendants.

At the hearing of the notice of motion, the defendants were absent. The plaintiff was represented by Mr. M. A. Jinnah instructed by Messrs. Dabholkar and Jeshtaram.

JUDGMENT

Mr. Justice Engineer after hearing the arguments for the plaintiff held that by declining to hand over the books of account to the receiver the second defendant had committed contempt of court. But as he was not before the court and his Lordship was doubtful of his powers to sentence him to a specific period of imprisonment, his Lordship directed that the second defendant be arrested and brought before the court. After thus giving him an opportunity to explain his conduct, His Lordship would pass such sentence as he might think fit.

His Lordship, however, held that the first defendant was not guilty of contempt of court.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

Primary education has undoubtedly made a headway in the suburbs and now there is need for high schools to be established.

Bandra has several high schools, Santa Cruz and Andheri have also one high school each, while Vile Parle has two.

These suburbs are largely inhabited by the East Indian communities. The Bombay East Indian Association, which recently celebrated its golden jubilee by a nine-day fete which added a considerable amount to its coffers, have given up their previous idea of an Industrial School and has now decided to consider the possibility of raising the status of St. Bluse's School at Andheri to that of a High School.

This has caused dissatisfaction in Vile Parle. Vile Parle claims to be a more centrally situated locality and has a fund of Rs. 10,000, in addition to the necessary grounds for the erection of new school building.

This matter, I understand, is shortly to be put before the Bombay East Indian Association by the residents of Vile Parle, probably at its next meeting.

PROGRESS OF HOUSING SOCIETIES

The report of the last annual general meeting of the Salsette Catholic Co-operative Housing Society, Bandra, held in November 1936 has just been out and makes good reading.

Its financial position is sound. The assets of the Society amounted to Rs. 2,61,800 at the end of the last financial year, and proceeding on the assumption that certain items of this sum are expected to realize two-thirds of the estimated yield, the Society has Rs. 54,600 to its credit.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1937

CONGRESS INFLUENCE

The public will not fail to see the striking difference between the state of things in the provinces administered by Congress Ministries and that in the remaining ones. In the latter things are pretty much as they used to be. In the former the very first day of administration was marked by a revolutionary change, the acceptance of a very small salary by Congress Ministers. In Madras Premier Rajaji quite properly declined to occupy the big bungalow at Adyar intended for him, obviously wishing to occupy a humble house in close touch with the common people. The public will not fail to appreciate the Congress Ministers' keen desire identify themselves in every way with the masses. They cannot fail to be struck by the contrast with the unconscionably high salaries drawn by the Governors and the higher services against the will of the people, who pay for the salaries. Will these officials gracefully offer to accept a voluntary cut of at least ten per cent in their salaries and to forego some of their unnecessary allowances?

The Contrast

Another striking difference that is already noticeable between the Congress provinces and the rest is a good beginning in the release of political prisoners and the withdrawal of bans on public organisation, a step meant to inaugurate at last the real rule of law and the enjoyment of civil liberties. The U. P. Government, for instance, have cancelled the ban on a number of bodies including the Hindustani Seva Dal, Navajawan Bharat Sabhas and youth Leagues in all the districts of the province. Workers' and Peasant's Party, and the Kisan Sabhas in several districts. Mr. Yusuf Meherally has been released from the Cannanore Jail. The Madras Premier is considering individual cases of all political prisoners in the province and orders for their release are expected to be passed shortly. The same can be said of other Congress provinces including our own, where the release of Senapati Bapat, the return of the security deposits of Congress papers including the "Nava Kal" of Bombay and the Lokashakti" of Poona and similar other measures are believed to be only a question of days. Not less important is the action of the C. P Ministry in stopping all coercive processes for the recovery of land revenue Similar action will, it is superfluous to add, be taken in other Congress provinces wherever it is found desirable. Congress is exerting its influence even in the provinces not ruled by it, but the action of the non-Congress Ministries in this respect, as in man, others, is extremely inadequate and registers a poor response to public opinion.

No Congress Raj

Has Congress Raj come at least to some provinces? Not at all. The Congress President gives a timely warning to the public when he says: 'There is no Swaraj or Congress Raj, though Congressmen may be Ministers." Congress is only illustrating within the narrow limits of the Constitution, its ideal of Swaraj. But even the little that it can do in this direction depends, as the President points out, on the organised strength of the masses. That means that now, as much, as ever before, work in the country in vital contact with the masses is all-essential, for the Congress Ministers and legislators as for other Congress workers Quite as essential is the right spirit of work. There is no exaggeration in the view reiterated by Babu Rajendra Prasad in his latest statement that in the Congress politics the place of a Minister should be exchangeable with that of a worker in a Harijan village, detailed to sweep it." Indeed, Congress Ministers for Public Health can revolutionise the attitude of the public towards sanitation by themselves demonstrating to the people how they can keep their homes and surroundings in perfect sanitary condition. There is no Swaraj yet, but let Congress enable the masses to catch a glimpse of Swaraj in its best sense.

Will Jinnah Answer?

The Congress President gently twits Mr. Jinnah that "his methods of controversy get curiouser and curiouser." That this is a fact will be evident even to a Muslim Leaguer with some sense of relevance and reality, who has read Mr. Jinnah's last two statements on the subject of the agreement at which he arrived with Rajen Babu and which he subsequently rejected. The Congress President and Babu Rajendra Prasad have, however, done well to bring Mr. Jinnah back to straight and relevant issues. We do not know how Mr. Jinnah will respond to the two statements issued in simple and plain language. But there are certain questions which deserve categorical and unequivocal answers from Mr. Jinnah. For instance, Rajen Babu says: "Although I may not speak with the authority of the President on behalf of the Congress to-day, may I make a sporting offer to Mr. Jinnah that I offer to get the formula accepted by the Congress even to-day, if he offers, as he had offered then, to get signatures to it of all Muslim leaders, barring the one or two, whom he had named to me. Will he accept it?" What is Mr. Jinnah's reply to this? Again, the Congress President reminds Mr. Jinnah of the leaflet issued to Bundelkhand voters in his name. Mr. Jinnah denied its authorship but, as the President asks, "does he also disagree with its contents?" What is Mr. Jinnah's answer? Incidentally, Mr. Jinnah, we are sure, knows about the Oral incident when stones were thrown at the President's car. What is his opinion about it?

Emphasizing The Betrayal

It is already clear beyond doubt that so far as Britain is concerned the Arabs of Palestine have been completely and effectively betrayed with the whole-hearted approval of all British Parties—Mr. Jinnah will meet with very great difficulty indeed in trying to find his "honest Britishers," who will oppose this act of international brigandage and robbery. The debate in the House of Lords merely emphasizes that fact as also the motives behind it. There is a certain amount of strong opposition to the partition scheme. But the opposition is not because the whole sordid deal constitutes a day-light robbery of Arab rights, but because it is not a complete robbery. How thoroughgoing is this desire is measured by the paradoxical fact that of all the speeches the least unjust was the one made by—Lord Samuel." a Jew!

But the motive is not merely altruistic sympathy for Jews at the expense of innocent Arabs. As the Marquess of Dufferin said on behalf of the Government: "A military convention would be attached to treaties entered into with the Jewish and Arab States. The convention would deal with the maintenance of military, naval and air forces, the use of ports, roads, and railways, the security of oil pipe lines and other matters affecting the defence and security of Palestine as a whole." In plain and honest language British Imperialist strategy is going to see to it that military domination over Palestine is complete. This is not all. His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury "welcomed the proposal of permanent guardianship by Britain of the Holy Places and the proposals for safeguarding minorities"—the old familiar game! We wish the Muslims of India understood British Imperialism and realised their duty both as Muslims and Indians.

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH BUREAU

Report For 1937

(BY SARABHAI.)

The Report of the Industrial Research Bureau for 1937 has now been released for publication. It is an enlargement, in a way, of the Report of the previous year. How far it has advanced in the research work or how far it has been able to co-ordinate and organise research for even the few industries in India is not clearly evident from its 25 Pages. How far has the organisation justified its existence? The introduction conveys to us the information that the organisation operating from 1935 to develop Indian industrial research is divided into three departments, namely, (a) the Industrial Research Council. (b) the Industrial Research Bureau, (c) the Research Branch of the Government Test House at Alipore in Bengal. The relationship of each with the other may well be gathered from the statement that the Council is an advisory body whose duty is to coordinate and develop industrial research and it recommends to Government and other authorities, for action, the decisions arrived at at its yearly meetings in various centres. The Bureau is responsible for carrying out the work entrusted to it by Government in pursuance of the recommendations of the Council. The Test House deals with researches suggested by the Council and also problems referred to the Bureau

Glass Industry.

The Bureau-cum-Council, with whose activities the Rreport under review deals, has as its first favourites the uncompleted problems of (1) Glass Industry, (2) of manufacture of Rayon (artificial silk) and staple fibre. (3) Casein plastics, (4) Lubricating oils and paints, (5) Alcohol fuels for I. C. Engines and a few more. Glass Industry has been receiving attention, and rightly so, from the inception of the tripartite organisation over these three years. Elaborate reports have been secured by the Council from experts namely, Survey of Glass Industry by E. Dixon (Bulletin 2 of 1936), Report by Dr. Dubey and Agarwala to find indigenous substitute for Soda Ash, the prime essential of glass manufacture (Bulletin 7 of 1937).

That Soda Ash of India's own make is not available has been known to Government at least since 1923 (if not earlier) when the Assembly resolved for an enquiry for protection. The Tariff Board assured that "the manufacture of the material (soda ash) in India will be resumed almost immediately" (1932). Yet at this distant date there is nowhere in the Reports any information as to what steps have been taken to manufacture Soda Ash in India.

Rayon and Staple Fibre.

Reports of 1935 and 1936 intimated and the Report of 1937 under review repeats that "the examination of the possibility of manufacturing Rayon and staple fibre in India is continued". To the best of my knowledge there is no laboratory either in Delhi or Simla for this purpose. The Alipore Test House has neither the equipment nor any expert attached to it. It is necessary to know in what laboratory progress is made of the said manufacture of an article taking away over about three crores of Indian money. As regards Casein Plastics, we are told that efforts were made to manufacture Buttons from Casein-Dayalbagh, near Agra, where Casein plastics are manufactured on a small scale was referred to for improving the quality of Casein buttons. It pleaded inability to improve or advance on account of inadequacy of their existing plant and insufficiency of funds for the purchase of suitable plant.

Electric Lamps Manufactured In India.

This is a misnomer—no lamps as such are manufactured in India. The Report confesses that "at present all the glass components used are used from imported glassware!" In lampware neither the glass nor the wires, not even the bayonet brass caps are manufactured in India, much less the wires of tungsten can be India-made. All are foreign importations. The Test House prepared only the brass cap jointing cement from Indian shell lac. Well may it pique itself upon the achievement but the quantity thus consumed must be meagre and the Bureau does not say whether the cement will be marketable and exportable.

The Research Branch has been reiterating in these 25 pages of the Report that their main mission is to visit and assist factories and advise them with information as to

(Continued on page 10, column 5.)

Railway Policy

India's Interests Subordinated To Those Of British Capitalists

By A Student Of Railway History

VII.

From 1853 to 1870 railway construction and management in India were done by British joint stock companies under a guarantee from the Government of India; but the experience of sixteen years proved that this policy was inefficient, expensive and unsatisfactory. The divided responsibility and difficulties of dual control were inconsistent with freedom of action; and the interests of the companies were not identical with those of the State.

Consequently, in the year 1870, the Government of India, with the full approval of the Secretary of State, deliberately adopted the policy of State construction and management of railways.

New Policy

On receipt of the Secretary of State's approval, the Government of India set to work vigorously, and organised a new branch of the Indian Public Works Department, into which were drafted most of the engineers then in Government service, who had railway experience in England; and to those were added others who were available from the staffs of the guaranteed companies, and a certain number of Royal Engineer officers.

The policy of State construction and management succeeded beyond all expectations, amply justifying Lord Lawrence's anticipations, although operations had been hampered by Home Office interference.

Reaction Again

A change in this policy became apparent when the negotiations for the acquirement of the East Indian Railway were opened in 1877, between that Company and the Secretary of State for India, when Lord Salisbury, with the concurrence of the India Office, decided that "it is desirable to entrust the construction and working of railways to companies in preference to a State Agency."

To show how the movement for reintroducing British Companies in the Railway work of India was developed, we shall hereafter quote the evidence recorded by the Select Committee on East India Railways, 1884.

In the face of the opinions of eminent Englishmen recorded by the Select Committee of the House of Commons that enquired into the railways of India in 1878 and 1879 against the Guaranteed Companies, the policy of re-employing British Companies, initiated by the India Office, in 1877, was pushed on with vigour both in England and India!

Capitalists At The Back

This retrograde step was justified in some places on the ground of stress felt by the Government of India owing to the famines and the Afghan War between 1874 and 1879, but the famine of 1869 did not in the least affect the determination of the Government to use State Agency, in preference to the old Guaranteed Companies. The difficulties of the Afghan War, however lent a lame excuse to the theory which was formulated by the India Office in 1877, and the capitalists of England prompted by some of the English officials of India, were at the back of the movement.

While the railways were working at a loss in the earlier days, the capitalists were unwilling to invest their money without a high guarantee from Government; but when they say promising results from the working of the railways, brought about by the emulation created by the State-managed railways, they stepped in. They were backed up by the India Office.

In 1881 Parliamentary influence of the British capitalists, merchants and manufacturers was exerted in the interest of "private enterprise"; unfair and misleading comparisons were made between State and Company Management of Railways.

At that time Lord Ripon came out to India as Viceroy, pledged in advance to a reversal of the policy of State construction and management.

As a pretext for the reversal, it was laid down as an axiom that "the State should divest itself of the task of working railways"; and although it was admitted that this policy was by no means good for the State from a financial point of view, it was argued that the "superior fitness of joint-stock companies would so improve the income of the railways as to prevent any important loss of the profits reserved for the State."

It was assumed that "it is impossible to combine the necessary rigidity of the Government system with the freedom of action required for the successful management of railways." But this assumption was absolutely opposed to facts.

Benefits Of State Management

The truth was that the Managers of State Railways had more freedom of action than the Companies' Managers, whose freedom was limited, firstly, by the Consulting Engineer for Guaranteed Railways, secondly, by the Government of India, and, thirdly, by the Boards of Directors in London. The freedom of action of the Managers of State Railways was limited only by the Government of India.

The Secretary of State's proposition to reverse the policy of State construction and management of railways met with universal condemnation from the officials of the Secretariat of the Government of India itself. Minutes exposing its fallacies were sent in by the Under-Secretary for Railways, by the Accountant-General' and by the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for State Railways.

The Under-Secretary for Railways asked why the Government should not equally divest itself of the management of Telegraphs, Post Office and Irrigation. He pointed out that, holding the Rajputana, line as a State-managed Railway, the Government controlled two-thirds of the districts between Bombay and Northern India, and was thus enabled to enforce a policy of low rates to the port of shipment. He showed that the arguments that had been opposed to State management were based on a condition of things that had long since passed away; that the Rajputana Railway was better

(Continued on page 8 Col 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

PASSING AWAY OF MARCONI.

The death of Marchese Guglielmo Marconi removes a great personality from the ranks of world's foremost living scientists. His contribution to the development and perfection of wireless would ever remain a land-mark in the history of modern science. Born of poor parents, Marconi rose to be one of the greatest men of his age by sheer ability and hard work. Endowed with extraordinary powers of concentration he was able to achieve unprecedented success in the field of scientific research. Epoch-making inventions flowed from his genius in an unceasing stream upto the last years of his life and the modern revolutionary developments in communications are due to his life-long work. His connection with the War Department of Mussolini was rather an unfortunate blot on the career of such an eminent scientist who owed it to himself that his rare intellect should have been exclusively wedded to the cause of peace. But as long as we live in the age of wireless and radio we cannot forget the great debt that the world owes to Marconi.

EVADING THE CHALLENGE

Sir John Anderson has been pleased to offer a defence of the behaviour of his Ministers in connection with the release of detenus. This is not unnatural as an expression of his Excellency's appreciation of—shall we say, the cheerful tractability of Mr. Fazlul Haq even in utter breach of faith with the people whose vote Mr. Haq secured on promises which he is honouring by breaking them one by one. His Excellency, however, misrepresents the position. The popular case is that the principle of detaining persons without trial is absolutely unjustified and unwarranted It is, in fact, an outrage on law and justice. The popular demand is that the detenus should either be allowed a decent and straightforward trial or be released. Finally the public rightly considers that the plea of "emergency" is palpably ludicrous. His Excellency and his faithful "councillors" should meet the public challenge instead of evading it.

PROTECTION TO MINOR INDUSTRIES.

It appears that business organisations asked by the Government of India to supply by 15th July particulars about minor industries needing protection could not, owing to the shortness of the time given them, submit the requisite information by the prescribed date. More time is, therefore, given to the bodies concerned and they will do well, in their own interests to expedite the matter. Government are sure to take up a lot of time in arriving at their decisions about protection even after getting all the necessary information. If there is thus undue delay in enforcing protective measures, the country may be flooded during the interval with huge quantities of imported articles and then protection will lose much of its efficacy.

KAMALA MEMORIAL FUND.

In aid of the Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital Fund the Prabhat talkie, "Dharmatma" in Hindi will be screened at the Central Cinema on Sunday next at 10 a.m. (S. T.). The film is recognised all over India as one of the very best produced in the country. Moreover, the performance is in aid of a Fund to cherish a sacred memory. Citizens of Bombay should not miss this rare opportunity to contribute to a great cause and at the same time witness a film, chronicling the life of Saint Eknath and his struggle for the removal of untouchability. Tickets ranging in value from Rs. 2-4 annas to 9 annas, are available even now at the Central Cinema Girgaon, at Gandhi Seva Sena, Adenwala Building New Queen's Road, at Gandhi Seva Sena shop, Nair Building Sandhurst Road, and at A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar, Kalbadevi Road The public will do well to secure their tickets as early as possible.

Indians And Character

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I will be obliged if you spare a little space in the columns of your esteemed daily for the following quotations from eminent Englishmen as they are meant to oil the rusted memory of the worthy Lord B. P. and some of his Indian supporters in his recent insult to our nation. Here is one:

At a meeting of the East India Association held at the Westminster Palace Hotel, London, Sir Lepel Griffin, the President is reported as having paid the following tribute to Indian morality:

"The Hindu creed is monotheistic and of very high ethical value, and when I look back on my life in India..... when I remember those honourable industrious orderly sober, manly men, I look over England and wonder of a higher ethical creed than that which is now professed by a large majority of the people of India I do not see it in London society. I do not see it in the slums of East End. I do not see it in the London Stock Exchange

Skipping over the corridor of time and coming nearer to present day:

In a speech made in the House of Commons during the India Debate, Mr. Ben Spoor, one of England's best informed men about India said, during the C. D. Movement

"At the present movement over 20,000 political prisoners are in jail in India. They include men of high character. men whose character has never been questioned. They include men of profound culture, I submit, probably greatly in excess of that of the average men of this House of Commons."

I leave the rest for the hesitating though learned, admirers of Lord B. P. and his Scout Movement to consider, and certainly hope that no self-respecting Indian will continue his connection with that Movement. Let him not barter his and India's "izzat" for self-interest.—Yours, etc.,

AN INDIAN STUDENT.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The Marquess of Dufferin added that a military convention would be attached to treaties entered into with the Jewish and Arab States. The convention would deal with the maintenance of military, naval and air forces, the use of ports, roads and railway, the security of oil pipeline and other matters affecting the defence and security of Palestine as a whole.

—Debate In Lords.

* * *

In a speech at Dacca, His about to retire Excellency Sir John Anderson was pleased to "strike a personal note." And when, of course, the Bengal Governor strikes something even though it be a personal note, some one does suffer.

In this case it is the unreleased detenus who have been struck.

But to the personal note: "When in 1921 in pursuance of a treaty the British Government were about to transfer to the Irish Ministers responsibility for what is now the Irish Free State, there were many Irish prisoners still in jail as the result of the preceding conflict" and Sir John "after weighing up the possible consequences and reactions with the greatest care" recommended the release of those prisoners.

Let us applaud Sir John's great goodwill, sportsmanship and liberalism as he evidently wants the whole world to do. But a minor question—quite insignificant, of course—does persistently suggest itself: What else could Sir John possibly recommend after a "treaty"?

* * *

But, as Sir John said, "the facts and circumstances were so different from those in Bengal . . ."

We quite agree.

(1) The Government of India Act is not a treaty and

(2) Responsibility for Bengal has been transferred to—Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq plus Sir John Anderson.

It Happened Long Ago

"Mr. Jinnah's methods of controversy get curiouser and curiouser," says Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

The President is either far behind Mr. Jinnah's argumentative progress or he is being overpolite.

* * *

Referring to Muslim League methods in the Bundelkhand bye-election the President says, "Notices and other material that we have collected will no doubt be of value to the future historian."

But, asks the Junior Colleague, what grounds has the President to think, that any serious-minded future historian will at all regard the Muslim League with historical interest?

* * *

"His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury welcomed the proposal of permanent guardianship by Britain of the Holy Places" in Palestine.

—Lords Debate.

Muslim "leaders" should express themselves completely satisfied that the interests of Islam will be safe under the Special Powers of Britain.

* * *

His Grace also welcomed "the proposals for safeguarding minorities."

Won't Sir Md. Yakub bless Britain!

By the way, it is rather interesting to note the simple tactics of Imperialism! Create minority problems or even minorities themselves and then proceed to "safeguard" them in the usual way.

* * *

His sight had been getting steadily worse, and at last he decided to go and have his eyes tested.

When he was seated, the specialist darkened the room, except for a circle of light which shone on the wall opposite. In the circle appeared two figures.

'What is that?' asked the specialist.

'Number 18,' replied the other.

'Take another look.'

'It's still 18.'

'No, you're wrong,' said the specialist.

'What number is it, then?'

'It isn't a number at all,' said the specialist. 'It's a photo of Katharine Hepburn talking to Mae West!'

Army Refuses To Leave "Holy Ground"

TENSION RENEWED IN PEIPING

Chiang Orders Six Of His Own Divisions To Hopei

PEIPING: July 21.

Tension has been renewed as a result of the sudden refusal of the 37th Division to continue the withdrawal. "Wanping is a holy ground. We will never leave it," declared the Commander of the garrison there.

Troops returned to positions in the afternoon, began digging fresh trenches and were reinforced in the evening. It is estimated 5,000 troops are holding a ten-mile front centring round Papaoshan.

It is reliably reported from Shanghai that Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek has ordered six of his own Divisions for Hopei.—Reuter.

CHINA'S GESTURE OF PEACE

SHANGHAI, July 21.

An improvement was introduced in North China by a local agreement in Peiping between Sung-cheh-Yuan and the Japanese whereby the 37th Chinese Division, which was involved in the original Lukouchiao incident, was withdrawn from its position west of Peiping to the barracks at Saiyuan.

CHINA'S GESTURE

A Nanking despatch announces that, as a proof of China's desires for a peaceful settlement, the Hopei Council has ordered the temporary withdrawal of the 29th Army in the north and west of Lukouchiao by one-third mile.

FLOW OF JAPANESE TROOPS

The possibility of further clashes is thus minimised, but it should not be supposed that the crisis is over, especially as there is no sign of halt of the flow of Japanese troops to North China. The crux of the matter still rests between Nanking and Tokio.

Tokio messages state that Gen. Hirota, the Chinese Ambassador, will ask Nanking to reconsider its attitude and cease interfering with the fulfilment of local agreements.—Reuter.

Earlier Cables

LONDON, July 21.

The Chinese Government's reply to the Japanese note warning China against "Provocative activities and interference with local authorities in the execution of the terms of settlement of the Lukouchiao incident" was made in an aid'e-memoire and sent to the Japanese Embassy at Nanking by the Chinese Foreign Office.

The reply proposes that both the Parties jointly fix a definite date for the withdrawal of troops and offers immediately to enter into deplomatic negotiations with Japan. It lays down that a settlement of local questions must be subject to the sanction of the Chinese National Government—Reuter.

NEW APPOINTMENT IN CHINESE FORCES

SHANGHAI, July 21.

Fengyuhsiang, the so-called Christian General, has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese forces in North China.

Chang Sueh Liang, who has arrived at Northern Anhwei to resume command of a section of his former troops, has asked Chiang to be allowed to help as retribution for kidnapping him last year.—Reuter.

VICTORY FOR DE VALERA

Dail Elects Him President Of Executive Council By 82 Votes To 52

LONDON, July 21.

The Dail re-elected Mr. De Valera as the President of the Executive Council by 82 votes to 52.—Reuter.

BRITAIN AND SINO-JAP. CONFLICT

TOKIO, July 21.

Acknowledging that Mr. Eden had expressed to the Japanese Ambassador in London his willingness to do anything possible to ameliorate the Sino-Japanese situation, a Foreign Office spokesman declared, however, that the Japanese Government had not yet replied to this offer and that he could not tell whether an answer would be given.—Reuter.

35,000 JAPANESE TROOPS FOR CHINA

TIENTSIN, July 21.

It is understood that 35,000 Japanese troops are arriving at Tangku by sea from Japan. The first transports are expected on Thursday morning. All leave for Tientsin by train.

The movement of the Japanese troops to Tientsin via the Pieping-Mukden Railway is continuing unabated. Considerable exodus from the Chinese City to the concession is progressing. The British sloop "Grimsby" arrived at Tangku.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT NOT TO BAN ARMS EXPORTS TO CHINA AND JAPAN

WASHINGTON, July 21.

Mr. Roosevelt indicated at a Press Conference that he has no immediate intention of invoking the Neutrality Act, prohibiting the export of Arms, against China or Japan—Reuter.

PANT TRAVELS BY 3rd CLASS

Will Meet Labour Leader For Settlement Of Cawnpore Dispute

CAWNPORE, July 21.

The Hon. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, the Premier of the United Provinces arrived here from Lucknow this afternoon on an invitation from the Collector in connection with the Labour dispute.

He was met at the station by the Collector, Mr. L. Owen, and the Superintendent of Police, Mr G Pearce.

Pandi Pant travelled in third class and was given a rousing reception by Congressmen on alighting from the train.

Pandit Pant will discuss with Mr. Hariharnath Sastri, the President of the Mazdoor Sabha, the Labour situation in Cawnpore and the causes of discontent among the workers and will then meet the Collector and the Superintendent of Police in conference at the Circuit House.

Pandit Pant is the first Congress Premier to be faced with the difficulty of tackling a major Labour dispute in a province immediately on assumption of office. —A.P.

Agenda For U. P. Congress Committee

ALLAHABAD: July 21.

The following among other items are on the agenda of the meeting of the Executive Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee on 27th and 28th July: —Election disputes; Disciplinary actions; Consideration of political situation; Letter of Mr. Anna Mulla Maula Bux Khan of Natal to the President, A.I.C.C.—United Press.

Congress Party And Official Functions

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 21.

Members of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly have decided not to attend this evening's party given by the Premier to the members of the Assembly. There was some doubt as to whether acceptance of office by Congress in other Provinces affects the position, but in view of the Working Committee's resolution, which still stands, the Party has decided to abstain from the function.

Interviewed Mr. Tekaruddin, Secretary of the Party said:

"There appears to be misunderstanding with regard to the attitude of the Congress Party about attending official functions. Our attitude remains the same.

The report in the Press that we have applied to higher authorities of Congress for permission to sign the Governor's book has no foundation whatsoever."

NO DANGER TO MUSLIM INTERESTS

Orissa Governor's Reply To Appeals

CUTTACK, July 21

A communique says:—

His Excellency the Governor has received a number of representations from Muslim Associations in Orissa urging him to exercise his Special Powers to secure that one member of his Council of Ministers should be a Mahomedan. After careful consideration His Excellency feels that it is not practicable in all circumstances to include a member of that community, nor has he grounds to suppose that the legitimate interests of the Muslim minority in Orissa will suffer as a consequence.—A.P.

BIHAR PREMIER GETS DONATION

For Relief Of Train Disaster Victims

PATNA, July 21.

The Hon. Mr. Sri Krishna Singh, the Premier of Bihar, has received a cheque of Rs. 1,000 from the Hon. Raja Raghunandan Prasad Singh of Monghyr for the relief of the sufferers in the Bihta train disaster.—United Press.

ADMIRAL NORRIS DEAD

LONDON, July 21.

The death has occurred of Admiral D. T. Norris.—Reuter's Special.

(Admiral Norris whose death is reported at the age of 62, was Captain of H.M.S. "Valiant" in 1924, and had served the European War (1914-19). He was promoted to be Rear-Admiral in the First Battle Squadron, Mediterranean Fleet (Nov. 1926—Sept. 1927). He was appointed Admiral in 1933 and soon retired.)

Offensive on Madrid Fails

2,000 REBELS KILLED

Conflicting Claims On Spanish Front

LONDON: July 20.

The insurgents' big offensive on the west of Madrid culminating in the biggest battle of civil war on July 18, when about 40,000 troops were engaged, has now ceased, according to a message from Madrid. It is reported that all insurgent efforts to re-take the towns captured by the Government a fortnight ago, have proved unavailing. It is estimated that the insurgents have lost heavily, 2,000 men being killed alone.

On the contrary reports from Salamanca state that violent fighting is proceeding in a triangle on west of Madrid for the last two days. Prolonged opposition was offered by the International Brigade, who were finally driven from the positions by Moors after a hand to hand fighting.

The insurgents claim to have advanced over four miles and inflicted at least 8,000 casualties on Government forces.

MORALE OF CAPITAL HIGHER THAN EVER

MADRID, July 21.

The morale of the capital is higher than ever despite the renewed intense artillery activity to the West of the City.

A Defence Ministry communique admits that the insurgents have captured a hill East of Villanueva Delacanda after a fierce battle in which the insurgents lost many casualties.

The communique adds that the insurgent aeroplanes bombed Guadalajara setting fire to Asylum Foundling Hospital from which 300 old people and many children were rescued. Government bombed enemy positions in North-East Quijorna.—Reuter.

NON-INTERVENTION INDEED!

VALENCIA: July 21.

Announcing that General Bastico, formerly Divisional Commander of Abyssinia, has superseded Gen. Mancini for the command of Italian volunteers in Spain, a Republican bulletin says that Sgr. Mussolini is responsible for the change. It adds that on Rome orders Gen. Bastico obtained from Gen. Franco considerable freedom to reorganise the Italian forces on the Northern Front consisting of four divisions.—Reuter.

GRANDI'S REQUEST TO EDEN

LONDON, July 21.

Count Grandi made a request to see Mr. Eden at the Foreign Office to-day presumably to discuss the procedure of the dispute which brought the Non-Intervention Committee to an abrupt close.—Reuter.

ITALY PLAYING FOR TIME

LONDON, July 21.

Count Grandi and M. Corbin both talked to Mr Eden to-day about the deadlock over the procedure in discussing the British non-intervention proposals. British circles hope that a further meeting of the Sub-Committee may be held on Friday, but the date cannot be fixed until the reasons for Italy's unexpected stand are fully ascertained. If, as is possible, the Italian objections are fundamental, it will not be easy to find a way out of the deadlock and it is emphasised that the British Government's patience is not inexhaustible.

British circles doubt whether Italy will care to make herself responsible for a breakdown on a mere question of procedure, but it is pointed out that the gravit the situation arises from the possibility of Italy merely playing for time in order to avoid any serious discussion of the question of the withdrawal of volunteers.—Reuter.

Italian Journalists To Return To London

ROME, July 21.

Italian newspaper correspondents who were withdrawn from London by Signor Mussolini before the Coronation will be returning to resume their services on August 1.

The decision is regarded as indicating the continuance of improvement in Anglo-Italian relations.—Reuter.

SOVIET-GERMAN RELATIONS

Herr Hitler's Assurance Of Non-Intervention

BERLIN, July 21.

Herr Hitler made a plea for non-intervention when receiving the credentials of the Soviet Ambassador, M. Jurenlev.

The latter in an address asked for Herr Hitler's effective and sympathetic support in the efforts to create and maintain normal relations in the interests of both countries.

Herr Hitler gave the required assurance and said that such relations corresponded with the demands of non-intervention which were now more necessary than ever.—Reuter's Special.

King Opens London Fire Brigade Head-Quarters

LONDON, July 21.

The new head-quarters of the London Fire Brigade, claimed to be the finest in the world, was opened by His Majesty accompanied by the Queen at Albert Embankment. The head-quarters stand over an area of two and a half acres and cost 390,000 sterling.—Reuter's Special.

FROM CIVIL SERVICE TO BIG BUSINESS

LONDON, July 21.

Sir John Maffey, who retired from the Civil Service last week, has been appointed Director of the Imperial Airways.—Reuter's Special

FRENCH DEFENCE BUDGET REDUCED

PARIS, July 20.

M. Bonnet announced that the extraordinary budget expenditure for the remainder of 1937 would be reduced by six milliard francs and the 1938 budget by 25 milliard francs.—Reuter.

Hotel Dispute Ends

PARIS, July 21.

The hotel dispute has been settled. It is agreed that 40-hour week be spread over six days instead of five.—Reuter.

INDEPENDENCE TO PHILIPPINES

NEW YORK, July 21.

Announcing he has asked President Roosevelt for the date, granting complete independence to the Philippine Islands to be advanced from 1946 to December 1938, or July 1939. Don Manuel Quezon, the President of the Philippines, explained that the terms of the Independence Act empowering the United States Congress to change the economic relations between the United States and the Philippines were the major cause of his request.

Don Quezon declared that the terms of the Act proved a source of growing irritation to the Filipinos and the sooner independence was granted the better would it be for both.—Reuter

'Thanks' To Finder Of $3,000

TORONTO, Ont.—James Cameron, assistant manager of a local theatre discovered a wallet containing 3,000 dols. in negotiable securities in his theatre. Finding the owner, he returned the wallet and contents. His only reward was "Thanks."

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON DACOITS

3 Constables Injured In Hand To Hand Fight

AHMEDABAD, July 21.

A hand-to-hand fight between a police party and a number of armed dacoits early this morning resulted in injuries to three policemen. Several police officers who were following the police party, immediately went to help them and opened fire on the dacoits.

One dacoit was arrested on the spot, while the others ran away.

The injured policemen were removed to hospital.—United Press.

GANG TAKES TO HEELS

AHMEDABAD, July 21.

A clash between the police and an armed gang occurred in the early hours of this morning on the outskirts of the city.

It appears that a police party on patrol duty encountered a gang consisting of about 22 persons armed with spears, "dharias" sticks, etc., and the gang attacked the police, injuring two police constables, whereupon the police fired revolver shots, injuring about four or five men of the gang, one of whom was taken into custody. The rest took to their heels.—A. P.

NARIMAN'S APPEAL TO BUDDING LAWYERS

Urges Whole-hearted Co-operation With Congress Ministry In Its Task

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA: July 21.

An impassioned plea for a drive against illiteracy was made by Mr. K. F. Nariman, addressing the local Law College students this evening. Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar presided.

Mr. Nariman urged for popular co-operation with the Congress Government in achieving great things expected from them.

"The training of a lawyer equips him with qualities necessary to stand by what is right, and fight against oppression and injustice", observed Mr. Nariman delivering the inaugural address. He exhorted youthful pleaders to help the aggrieved and the poor and also to develop a definite standard of moral character, they being the citizens of to-morrow.

He also pleaded for popular co-operation and voluntary service from educated people, without which, even the Congress Ministry with its slender finances would not be able to achieve much.

BRITISH TRIBUTE TO MARCONI

Wireless, Telephones And Telegraphs To Stop For Two Minutes

LONDON, July 20.

As a British tribute to Marconi to-morrow during the State funeral, all wireless, telegraphic and telephone stations will close for two minutes.

This will be applied to all the Empire Radio Telephone Services and Wireless Services to ships and continent. All B. B. C. transmitters will likewise cease activities for two minutes.—Reuter.

Vyshinsky Gets Order Of Lenin

MOSCOW, July 21.

The Public Prosecutor, M. Vyshinsky, has been awarded the Order of Lenin, the highest order of U.S.S.R., for consolidating revolutionary lawfulness and strengthening the Procurator's office.—Reuter's Special.

ALTERNATIVE TO PARTITION

Herbert Samuel's Scheme For Palestine

LONDON: July 20.

Lord Snell initiating a discussion on the Palestine Report in the House of Lords said that the Commissioners seemed to have arrived at the conclusion that Palestine would never be united until it was divided. In his judgment a better and the surest way lay in understanding co-operation between the two races.

Lord Dufferin, Under Secretary for Colonies, drew attention to the fact that the report was unanimous on four major issues. Investigation had dispelled the belief that the existing Mandate could be made to work.

Military Convention

The Marquess of Dufferin added that a military convention would be attached to treaties entered into with the Jewish and Arab States. The convention would deal with the maintenance of military, naval and air forces, the use of ports, roads and railways the security of oil pipeline and other matters affecting the defence and security of Palestine as a whole.

Alternative Scheme

Sir Herbert Samuel, who was the first High Commissioner in Palestine, strongly criticised the report of the Commission, particularly the partition scheme and urged as an alternative scheme that Jews should consent to the limitation of immigration other than on the principle of absorptive capacity as also recognise the reality of Arab national aspirations.

Britain with France's assent should assist in the formation of a great Arab Confederation which would help Palestine economically, while the Arabs should consent to the development and settlement of Transjordan both by Jews and Arabs.

The British Government might guarantee a loan to Transjordan for that purpose.

Finally he urged that the creation within Palestine of two communal organisations—Jews and Arabs—with a Central Advisory Council representing the two communities with British officials to help and advise. The British Government should continue the Mandate.

Archbishop of Canterbury expressed the opinion that the proposed scheme requires great deal more investigation but he welcomed the proposal of permanent guardianship by Britain of the holy places and the proposals for safeguarding minorities.

The debate was adjourned till to-morrow.

Labour Opposition

It is understood that a large number of Labour Party in the House of Commons will not approve the proposal of partitioning Palestine and Morgan Jones tomorrow will move that the proposals of the Commission be examined by a Select Committee before the Parliament Committee.

It is understood that the Government will refuse to accept the proposal as it was unable to delay the submission of the scheme to the League.—Reuter.

FIGHTING NEAR KASHGAR

Govt. Forces Engage Tungans

SIMLA, July 21.

Scanty reports from Kashgar indicate that there has been fighting between Tungans and Government forces from Urumchi. Details as to why they are fighting about or the results thereof are not known.—United Press.

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE

American Jury's Verdict In Steel Strike Casualties

CHICAGO, July 20.

Coroner's jury investigating the Steel Mill Riot in which ten strikers were killed returned a verdict of justifiable homicide in each case.

The jury found that each deceased met death from bullet wounds inflicted by an unknown police officer and also the victims died while marching with large body of well-armed persons attempting to force their way through police lines to the Republican Steel Corporation plant.—Reuter.

A New York message says: Harold Gatty, round-the-world-flier, married Miss Fenna Bolderhey of Amsterdam.

LONDON.—Premier Benito Mussolini's last passport, issued on Dec. 27, 1921, at Milan, is being offered for sale by a London bookselling firm. Its price is 2,500 dols.

Students Come To Blows

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, July 21.

Utter confusion prevailed at a meeting of the students held in the Sarvajanik Sabha Hall this evening to consider the question of presenting an address to Mr. Vinayak Savarkar when he comes here on August 1.

Fearing trouble the meeting was adjourned. An attempt was made to hold another meeting immediately there and then. This was the signal for repetition of the trouble which assumed larger proportions and the rival parties came to blows. Lights were thrice put out and chairs were thrown. A number of students are reported to have received slight injuries.

The police arrived on the scene and cleared the hall.

RIVAL JAMIATS ON FRONTIER

One Opposes Forward Policy: The Other Is "Not Opposed" To It

RAWALPINDI, July 20.

It is learnt from reliable source that an important meeting of the Muslim Ulemas of N. W. F. P. has been summoned by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema of Peshawar on the 25th July to consider the situation arising out of the recent pronouncement of the British Government Officials on the Forward Policy in the Frontier.

In the course of a circular letter issued to prominent Muslim National Workers and leading Ulemas, Maulana Sahib, the General Secretary of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Sarhad seeks to bring home to the public, that the matters have come to such a pass that, an immediate consideration of the problem is necessary. The meeting will elect the office-bearers of the Reception Committee of the Waziristan Conference to be held shortly at Peshawar.

In this connection it may be noted that, another parallel organization styled as the Jamiat-ul-Ulema of the Frontier Province, has been started at Nowshera. It is stated that the Jamiat is not against the Frontier Policy.—United Press.

SNIPING CONTINUES ON FRONTIER

SIMLA, July 21.

A communique states that on the night of 19/20 July a few shots were fired at the piquet near Kamsarobi between Tal and Damdil. The camp piquet near Saidgo was also sniped. There were no casualties.

All other areas were quiet. Work on roads continues with troops and tribal labour.—A. P.

VICTORY FOR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Democratic Leadership In U. S. Senate

WASHINGTON, July 21.

Mr. Alben Barkley of Kentucky defeated Mr. Pat Harrison by 38 to 37 votes for Democratic leadership in the Senate as a consequence of the death of Mr. Robinson.

Mr. Barkley who is a very staunch supporter of President Roosevelt was supported almost entirely by friends of the Roosevelt Court Reform Bill, while opponents of it mustered against it, although Mr. Harrison also supported the Bill.—Reuter.

LIFE ASSURANCE

THE WINTERTHUR SWISS LIFE ASSURANCE CO. invites applications from well educated and highly connected persons of either sex as Organisers for Bombay City and Suburbs for appointment on salary basis. Only those persons who are capable of guaranteeing business need apply to,

VOLKART BROTHERS

BRANCH MANAGERS,

The Winterthur Swiss Life Assurance Co.,

(Incorporated in Switzerland).

Mavlankar Elected Speaker

(Continued from Page 1)

congratulations to the Speaker upon his unanimous election to the chair. His long service to the country, his vast experience as the President of the Municipality of a leading town in the Presidency, as also his legal acumen were quite well-known.

CO-OPERATION ASSURED.

Proceeding Mr. Kher assured the Speaker that the Chair would receive most loyal and hearty co-operation from his party and that the Chair's rulings and decisions would be treated with greatest respect. The present was an occasion unique in history of the country, as also in the history of the Indian National Congress, since for the first time, Congressmen had come to occupy Treasury benches in legislatures in provinces.

REPOSITORY OF RIGHTS.

Proceeding Mr. Kher said that the attitude of the whole country to the new constitution was too well-known and that the policy and the programme of the Congress Party were before the country. It was a difficult work that they had to accomplish, and he therefore, hoped that the Chair would maintain its high traditions established by men like the late Vithalbhai Patel. (Applause).

Concluding, he said that the Chair had always been the repository of the rights of the House, which should, at all costs, be maintained.

Sir Dhanjisha Cooper next associated himself with the feelings expressed by the previous speaker, and said that he was sure and confident that the traditions of the House would be safe in Mr. Mavlankar's hands.

TOWARDS FREE INDIA.

Mrs. Salima Faiz Tyabji, speaking on behalf of the Muslim League Party took liberty to remind that the speaker's position was by virtue above any party and that he was the upholder of the dignity and custodian of the privileges of the House. She hoped that Mr. Mavlankar would uphold the traditions of his worthy predecessors like Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola and Sir Alimahomed Khan Dehlavi, and that he would bring the country near to freer India.

"A BED OF THORNS."

Mr. A. V. Chitre speaking on behalf of the Independent Labour Party said that the Speaker's chair was a bed of thorns. In a House like the present one, comprising of conflicting elements, smooth-sailing would not always be possible and storms were bound to rise. The responsibility of steering the ship of the House clear off them, therefore, lays with the Speaker. He hoped that following the wake of parliamentary traditions the Speaker would keep himself above parties and that the chair's rulings and decisions would always be guided by a high sense of justice and impartiality.

Sir John Abercrombie expressed fullest confidence that Mr. Mavlankar would add to the dignity and prestige of the House.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was greeted with hisses, as he rose to congratulate the Speaker on behalf of the Democratic Swaraja Party. He said that the Speaker had to work between the dignity of the Chair on the one hand, and the privileges of the House on the other.

LABOUR GREETING.

Mr. Jhabwala said he had the privilege of felicitating Mr. Mavlankar on behalf of United Bombay Labour. He hoped that the Chair, while discharging its duties would try to get away from Imperialist gagging.

Mr. Morey and Mr. S. D. Saklatwalla also joined in thanksgiving.

MAVLANKAR THANKS ALL.

Sjt. Mavlankar rising to reply, thanked all the members heartily for the great honour done to him. He said that when he heard all that was said about him, he felt the responsibility of his office more than ever. He was conscious of his shortcomings. He had undertaken this responsibility in the spirit of service. He was aware that the task before them all was Himalayan. They were all on the threshold of a new regime, and all eyes were watching the way in which they proceeded to mould the destinies of the province. They were the first Assembly under the new constitution, and their responsibilities were heavy. Regarding the Congress Working Committee's decision to accept offices, the country had become expectant of the new era and was full of hope. The Speaker of the House was a non-party man, and he would therefore continue to be a non-party man, and administer the business before the House with strict impartiality, and irrespective of party considerations.

Concluding he hoped to be able to justify the confidence which the House had reposed in him by electing him unanimously to the Speakership.

The House next proceeded to the election of the Deputy Speaker, and as there was no contestant in the field, Mr. N. G. Joshi (Belgaum), the Congress nominee, was declared duly elected to that post.

ADJOURNED TO AUGUST 17.

Premier Kher next requested the Chair to adjourn the House for three or four weeks to enable the new Ministry to look into the budget proposals and come prepared before the House.

Mr. S. V. Parulekar at this juncture inquired as to when he could move his adjournment motion in connection with Government orders under the Payment of Wages Act.

The Speaker informed him that under standing orders, Mr. Parulekar ought to have brought the matter to the notice of the Speaker before the House commenced its sitting.

The House was then adjourned to 2 p.m. on Tuesday, 17th August.

BOMBAY COUNCIL PRESIDENTSHIP

Walk-Over For Congress Candidate

POONA, July 21.

Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa (Congress) is the only candidate for the Presidentship of the Bombay Legislative Council, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim having withdrawn his candidature.

Mr. R. G. Soman (Congress) and Mr. S. C. Joshi (nominated) are contesting for the Deputy Presidentship of the Council.—United Press.

MR. M. Y. NOORIE

Mr. Mahomed Yaseen Noorie, a member of the Bombay Congress Cabinet hails from Ajmere. He was educated at Aligarh and is a barrister. After practising at Beawar about ten years ago he settled down in Ahmedabad where he has been practising. He took part in the Khilafat movement and is a member of the Khilafat Committee. In 1930 he presided over the first All-India Muslim Youth Conference held in Bombay and was Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Gujarat Muslim Political Conference. He represents Ahmedabad City in the Bombay Legislative Assembly having stood as an Independent and defeated a Muslim League candidate.

AHMEDABAD COAL SHORTAGE

Railway Statistics Point To The Contrary?

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA: July 21.

With reference to complaints that certain mills in Ahmedabad are unable to obtain adequate supplies of coal recently, a report from the Agent, B.B. & C.I. Railway, states that the quantity of coal received on public account at Ahmedabad from January 1 to July 17 was 2,58,755 against 2,40,694 tons during the corresponding period of last year or over 18,000 tons more this year.

EMPLOYMENT OF "DUFFERIN" CADETS

Govt. Communique

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 20.

Replying to press criticisms of Government a recent Communique omitted to explain the disparity between the number of cadets admitted to "Dufferin" and the number who subsequently obtained competency certificates

A further Communique States that excluding cadets admitted during the years 1935, 1936 and 1937 who are still undergoing training on the ship 231 boys have altogether been admitted to the Dufferin since its inception in 1927 and 214 of them passed out successfully. Out of these 214.172 elected to go to sea to serve their three years apprenticeship necessary to qualify them to sit for Competency Certificates Examination. These 172 are accounted for as follows: 76 obtained competency Certificates, 12 completed for Qualifying Service but have not yet obtained Competency Certificates. Three failed in eye-sight test. Eight left sea before completing the period for qualifying for service or died. Seventy-three are still serving their apprenticeship at sea and have not yet completed their period for qualifying for service.

TASHI LAMA'S LATEST

Move To Return To Tibet After 15 Years' Exile

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 21.

The Tashi Lama has made up his mind to come back to Tibet, according to the latest advices received here. Some fifteen years ago, owing to disagreement with the Dalai Lama he left the country and has since been living a quiet life in China. Now for reasons which apparently have to do with the leaderless condition of the country the Tashi Lama has decided to return and it is even stated that he has already started

PUSHTU FORGES AHEAD IN AFGHANISTAN

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 21.

The Afghan Government are taking steps to encourage the use of Pushtu language, says a report from Kabul. To this end the Literary Society of Kabul and Pushtu Literary Society of Kandahar have been amalgamated into a new Society to be known as Pushtu Tolana with headquarters at Kabul. The efforts of this body will be directed towards encouraging Pushtu and among its activities will the publication of a newspaper called "Zari" in Pushtu to be distributed free to officials and students, who are learning the language.

"Searchlight" Editor Sued For Defamation

PATNA, July 20.

Mr. F. Azam, Sadr Sub-Divisional Officer, Muzaffarpore, heard the case in which Mr. Murli Manohar Prasad, Editor and Publisher of the "Searchlight" has been sued for defamation by the Acting Assistant Station Master of Muzaffarpore for publishing a letter purporting to be from one of the correspondents of the paper, Mr. N. Goswami, a member of the Indian Journalists' Association, and passed orders that he would not issue any process against the Editor till the decision of the case instituted against Mr. Goswami on the same facts, the reason being that if the latter case ended in an acquittal, the case against the Editor would stand dismissed.—A. P

Viceroy To Visit Ry. Disaster Victims

SIMLA: July 21.

A communique says:—

His Excellency the Viceroy has decided to make a last minute alteration in the programme of his Monsoon tour, in order to enable him to break journey to visit the victims of the Railway disaster at Bihta, who are in hospital at Dinapore and Patna.—A. P.

It is understood that the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Holkar have accepted the resignation of Dr. C. D. Pande, Superintendent, Maharaja Tukojiro Hospital, Indore with effect from 11th August, 1937.

Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan, recipient of the 1920 Kaiser-i-Hind silver medal and one of the few to receive that medal when it was first instituted, has been nominated to the Bombay Board of Film Censors and will hold office for three years at the first instance. She is a well-known social worker. She has been President of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council and is now President of the Women's Rescue Home, Umarkhadi.

INADEQUATE TO PROTECT INDIANS

(Continued from page 12.)

tates Indians in Zanzibar on their endurance and steadfastness in this hard struggle to maintain their elementary rights as an integral part of the Zanzibar population and urges them to persevere in their efforts and assures them of the full support of the Association in taking all legitimate means to avert the imposition on them of the Act, fraught with ruin to their interests and affront to the Indian national sentiment."

JOINT ELECTORATES IN SIND

Sir A. Haroon On Premier's Announcement

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 20.

Following the week-end pronouncement by the Premier of joint electorates in Sind, Sir Abdulla Haroon has issued a rejoinder pointing out the problem of the joint versus separate electorates could only be solved by All-India organisations such as the Indian National Congress, Hindu Mahasabha, Muslim League, Jamiyat-ul-Ulema and others. To indulge in this controversial matter in Sind instead of smoothening the path of amicable settlement, would create new difficulties in achieving National Solidarity by All-India organisations. He was, however, sure that the solution of this problem and minority safeguards would soon be found by All-India leaders of both communities.

REPRESSIVE LAWS MUST GO

L. C. Das' Resolution For Bengal Upper House

CALCUTTA, July 20.

Mr. Lalit Chandra Das, Member of the Upper House, has given notice of moving at the ensuing session of the Bengal Legislative Council, a Bill to repeal certain repressive laws. The Bill provides that the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act prisoners and all those detained under the Act as also others detained under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, Bengal Public Security Act, etc., should be released on the day when the Bengal Repressive Laws Repeal Act, 1937 is passed.—United Press.

MOBILISING OPPOSITION IN SIND ASSEMBLY ?

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 20.

Importance is attached in the Assembly circles to the meeting of the Sind United Party convened on August 1, on the eve of the Assembly Budget Session for the purpose of organising an Opposition in the Assembly as also to consider the advisability of merging with the Congress, signing their pledge, if need be, provided the working arrangements could be arrived at with the Congressites.

The United Party's strength is variously estimated at between nine and sixteen while the Congressmen number nine. Advantage is expected to be taken of possible bifurcation of the Hindu Party into the Upper and lower Sind Hindus so as to enlist the support of some thereof, as also to a sprinkling of Independent Muslims to raise the Opposition strength to about 31 in a House of sixty.

The Spokesman of the Congress said that the matter had not so far been broached with them. They were watching the developments with interest.

SUTLEJ MILLS STRIKE ENDS

LAHORE, July 21.

The management of the Sutlej cotton mills of Okara having conceded most of the workers' demands, the strike in the mills involving nearly 3.000 workers has been called off.

The management have agreed to increase the workers' wages and recognise the Union. They have also given an assurance to redress the workers' grievances regarding drinking water and arrangements for light

Further, all the cases started against the workers will be withdrawn and there will be no victimisation.—United Press

HOUSE COLLAPSE IN LAHORE

LAHORE, July 21.

Two persons were killed here to-day as the result of the collapse of a house due to heavy rains. Several other houses have been damaged.—United Press.

Twenty-five Crores Loan Scheme For Jobless

RESOLUTION FOR CENTRAL ASSEMBLY TO TACKLE UNEMPLOYMENT

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 21.

The sudden onrush of questions and resolutions for Central Assembly during the past few days indicates renewed interest that members are taking in the forthcoming Simla session, following the settlement of the constitutional issue in the provinces Nearly three hundred questions are already given notice or relating to a wide range of subjects while the conversations with members, who are already here in connection with the meetings of Public Accounts Committee show that a number of recent developments such as those in the affairs of the Institute of Science, Bangalore, have roused interest and may come up for discussion in the form of resolutions. Some members intend to urge independent, expert enquiry into the Science Institute, Bangalore.

25 CRORES LOAN

Others propose to raise the question of unemployment and suggest interesting methods to tackle it. These include establishment of an Industrial Development Board to prepare a scheme for starting new industries and raising a loan of 25 crores to finance the scheme, institution of a scheme of Unemployment Insurance, acquisition and control by government of all uncultivated but cultivable lands for the benefit of the unemployed.

The proposals for appointment of a Standing Committee of Indian Army and another of External Affairs may also be put forward while steps towards Indianisation of the R. A. F. personnel are likely to be advocated.

TUNGABHADRA PROJECT

Nizam-Madras Agreement On Division Of Waters

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.): July 21.

The Nizam's Government has issued a 'communique' regarding the recent engineers' conference held at Hyderabad in connection with the Tungabhadra project this evening which "inter alia" states:

"To settle some technical details in regard to the proposed Tungabhadra project, a meeting of the Chief Engineers of Madras and Hyderabad Governments was held in the office of the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government for Irrigation on 15th and 17th July 1937.

"The important question that was taken up for decision was dependable on the supply of the water of the river at Mallapuram. The figure agreed to is 336,000 million cubic feet.

'Of this quantity it was agreed that 7,0000 million cubic feet should be reserved for essential minor works and 5,000 million cubic feet towards the share of Bombay. This leaves 324,000 million cubic feet as future dependable supply.

"As regards the contribution to lower Krishna which is the first charge on this quantity, the engineers agreed that 25 per cent. of the 324,000 million cubic feet, viz. 81,000 million cubic feet should be the minimum contribution leaving 243,000 million cubic feet for apportionment between Madras, Hyderabad and Mysore

"As for sharing of this quantity of 243,000 million cubic feet proposals are to be formulated here after".

KHULNA.—News has just been received here that an armed dacoity has been committed yesterday in the house of Murari Mohan Basu of village Karalara within Bagerhat sub-division in which property worth about Rs. 5,000 was carried away and four persons sustained gunshot injuries.

JAIPUR NEWS

(From Our Correspondent,)

JAIPUR, (By Mail).

Mr. G. A. Carroll the Superintendent of Khetri Thikana (Jaipur) has retired after serving the Thikana for more than ten years. Mr. Carroll introduced many reforms in the Thikana. Raoji Saheb of Khatri is still under the minority. The Superintendent of Courts of Wards has been asked to look after the Thikana managements till further arrangements. Mr. G. A. Carroll was given a warm send off by the officials. He was given an "At Home" also by the Sardars of the Panch Pana Shakawati

The early commencement of the monsoon in the Jaipur City has cooled down the atmosphere to such an extent that almost all the officials of the State who went to the Hills for the summer have returned. It is drizzling almost every day in the night.

RAILWAY POLICY

(Continued from Page 6.)

managed than many of the Companies' railways; and that if the Home authorities were as intimately acquainted with the management of the companies as the railway officials of the Government of India, the Secretary of State for India would be less desirous of uprooting the system that had already proved itself efficient.

A Wrong Maxim

It has lately been laid down, as a maxim for adoption that Government should as a rule, divest itself of the task of working railways after they have been constructed. Such a maxim violates every principle of political economy, and is opposed to the main grounds on which railway construction should be undertaken, viz., for the development of the country.

Huge Losses

The Accountant-General, in his Minute, characterised the dispatch of the Secretary of State as an attempt to make the most of a bad case, containing an amount of special pleading that might well take in anyone not well posted up in the history of Indian railways.

He wrote that State-managed railways had been eminently successful; and that State management was more economical than Company Management.

He was convinced that the revenues of the State would have been greatly augmented, had the State constructed and worked the railways from the time they were first started in India.

He estimated the annual loss owing to these lines not having been carried out by State agency at £1,750,009, in addition to which the premium that would have to be paid for purchasing the Guaranteed Railways would be about £27,000,000.

"Drop It Quietly"

He urged that with these gigantic losses practically still withheld from India, every endeavour should be made to stop the drain.

It was reasonable to suppose that these strong protests emanating from officers of such high position, might have been the subject of an enquiry by a Select Committee. But when these Minutes were submitted to Lord Ripon, he noted upon them: "This may be allowed to drop quietly.—Ripon"

India was thus deliberately, quietly and callously sacrificed to political exigencies in England.

India has paid, and is still paying dearly for her railways. But, as Indians have not had any real political power, and the British capitalists have had tremendous Parliamentary influence, the Indian Railway policy has been, and is still being, dictated by them with only rare exceptions.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

A CAPTIVE

An envoy of the Duke of Buckingham had been intercepted however, and it had thereby been ascertained that a league directed against France existed between Germany, Spain, England, and Lorraine. Papers confirming this alliance had also been found in Buckingham's quarters, from which he had been forced to make a precipitate retreat.

The cardinal knew Buckingham's forceful energy, and more particularly his hatred. If the league which threatened France triumphed, all his influence would be lost. Though the king obeyed him like a child, he hated him as a child hates his master. He, Richelieu,—the French minister, the strongly national minister—would be ruined, if the Spanish and Austrian policy attained its object.

THE CARDINAL'S QUARTERS

Being fully alive to this danger then, Richelieu strained all the vast resources of his genius day and night, and the slightest movement in any of the kingdoms of Europe found him on his guard.

The cardinal had established his residence on the downs by the bridge of La Pierre in a simple unfortified house. Here, couriers were to be seen arriving by day and night, while many strange persons waited in the ante-chamber for an audience. There were monks who wore their frocks so badly that nobody would doubt for a moment their belonging to the church militant: there were women who were evidently greatly inconvenienced by their pages' costumes, which could not entirely conceal their rounded forms: and peasants whose hands were black but whose elegant, slender limbs betrayed the disguised aristocrat.

World of Wireless

LONDON HOME FOR TELEVISION

B. B. C.'s New Premises At Alexandra Palace

From a hill 306 ft. above sea level the BBC's television station dominates London and a large portion of the Home Counties It is built into the south-eastern corner of Alexandra Palace—a North London landmark and pleasure resort for more than sixty years—and from the large bay windows of the upper offices below the aerial nearly all London can be taken in at a glance. The importance of height to television broadcasting can hardly be over emphasised, for under normal conditions the range of the ultra-short waves used is extended as the height of the transmitting aerial is increased.

Surmounting the reconstructed east tower, itself 80 ft. high, is the tapering lattice mast, rising to a height of 220 ft. Thus the aerial array for vision transmissions, which is mounted at the summit of the mast, is more than 600 ft. above sea level. Immediately below the vision aerial is the aerial for the accompanying sound transmissions.

TWO TRANSMITTERS

The new station fulfils the recommendations of the Television Advisory Committee appointed to consider the development of television in Great Britain. Provision is made for experimental transmission by the system developed by the Marconi E.M.I. Television Company. The Company has provided a complete television system, including both vision and sound pick-up apparatus, and the television transmitter itself. The BBC has been responsible for the sound transmitter and its associated aerial, both of which were manufactured by Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company.

In its main essentials, therefore, the equipment comprises a television studio with an associated control-room and ultra-short wave television transmitter, and an ultra-short wave sound transmitter.

The entrance hall is at the base of the tower. To the right is the receptionist's desk, and immediately facing the visitor is the main door to the stairway leading to offices and studios. On the left is the entrance to the ground-floor corridor, which serves the two transmitters, projection theatre, restaurant, and scenery-production shop. Nearest to the entrance hall is the television transmitter, which operates on a frequency of 45 megacycles per second (wavelength: 6.67 metres).

Next is the sound transmitter hall, which accommodates an ultra-short-wave installation of orthodoxy design for radiating the speech and music accompanying the vision signals. Its operating frequency is 41.5 megacycles per second (wavelength: 7.23 metres).

MINIATURE CINEMA

Adjoining the sound transmitter is the film-projection theatre, or miniature cinema, in which films excerpts can be selected and timed for inclusion in the transmissions. At least thirty people can be comfortably accommodated in the cinema.

At the south-west extremity of the BBC section of the Palace is a large area intended either for scenery construction or for televising such objects as motor cars and animals which cannot be brought into the studio or televised outside. Lorries can drive straight in. Lifting tackle can take up scenery and properties weighing a ton through a trap-door in the roof to the second dock, 25 ft. above.

STUDIO DESIGN AND FURNISHING

Leaving the tower on this floor, the visitor enters the studio. Measuring approximately 70 ft. by 30 ft. with a height of 25 ft., this studio is divided into two stages —A and B—of which A, the larger, gives an acting area of approximately 24 feet square. It is equipped with two sets of tableau curtains. Lining the studio on two sides are hanging velvet curtains running on two tracks, the front curtain being black and the rear one white, to allow for the interchange of backgrounds. Each stage has separate lighting, controlled from a central switchboard. Emitron instantaneous television 'cameras' are used

The BBC has also acquired the Alexandra Palace Theatre, which may be used later on for preliminary rehearsals and experimental programmes.

Wings Over World

For centuries pilgrims have been making their toilsome way to Mecca, the Holy City, by horse, caravan, dhow, and also on foot.

Now, however, comes news that modern pilgrims to Mecca are beginning to desert the laborious surface routes in order to make a far swifter progress by way of the air.

Two Muslims of Pretoria, for example, recently travelled by the Imperial Airways service as far as possible both to and from Mecca. And one of them expressed great satisfaction with his aerial pilgrimage, saying that in future he should recommend all pilgrims to use the flying routes.

Loads of sulphur, produced in the Kara-Kum steppes of Turkmenia, are now being air-borne regularly to various centres in Russia by Soviet cargoplanes, while recent reports also indicate a considerable increase in the carriage by air of furs and valuable metals.

Interesting details have become available regarding the final stages in the organisation of Canada's transcontinental airways.

It is this great route which—as soon as the North Atlantic airmail is in operation—will enable loads originating in Africa, India, or Australia to be air-borne right across Canada.

One of the problems in connection with the organisation of the trans-Canada airway has been the preparation of alighting-grounds in Northern Ontario Here, in almost uninhabited regions of lake and bush, gangs of men have been toiling, braving the intense cold of the winter and, during the summer, afflicted by plagues of flies.

But the work has gone forward all the same. Between Quebec and Manitoba nearly 50 alighting-grounds have been provided, immense numbers of trees having been felled, tree-stumps removed by dynamite, and great stretches of bush cleared.

Another problem has been the carrying of the route across the Rocky Mountains. In such regions it has been no easy matter to prepare landing-grounds. It has now been found possible, however, to provide a chain of 25 alighting points in the Rocky Mountain zone.

G. B. S. Broadcasts Talk To Children

A talk by Bernard Shaw on modern education, broadcast in the BBC Home programmes recently, was also heard by oversea listeners to Daventry.

Mr. Shaw was talking to the Sixth Forms of Secondary Schools. This was the first time that the distinguished author had broadcast to school boys and girls, and he was heard in the most remote classrooms throughout Great Britain.

In the course of his talk he remarked that, after eighty-one years of expectation, he had not grown up yet.

Shaw has broadcast on comparatively few occasions, the last being in 1935, when he spoke in the 'Freedom' series. In the previous year, he was one of the many prominent personalities who took part in the series entitled, 'Whither Britain?'

Radio Music Helps To Milk Cows

"Milk from radio-entertained cows" would be an appropriate slogan for use by Park Miller, an American dairyman who also believes in keeping his cows contented.

Miller installed a radio for his 31 cows a year ago. His experiment disclosed that cows like to hear dance orchestras. They seem to prefer snappy tunes to the dreamy waltz numbers; symphonies and bits from the classics are not so effective; murder thrillers, mystery plays, comedians and speeches never should be tuned in.

Tuned in to the right programme, his cows show immediate interest. And even the hired men went about their chorus with more vim and vigour when a snappy tune was on the air.

FASCIST PROPAGANDA BY RADIO

Rome Broadcasts In Five Non-Italian Languages

The following communication received from E. I A R. the short-wave station Prato Smeraldo, Rome, shows how Fascist propaganda is being broadcast in 5 non-Italian languages—French, German, English, Arabic and Turkish:

We should like to call to your attention the following changes in the hour of broadcast of certain items in our regular programmes from May 31st until further notice:—

The German News, (formerly 7-7.20 p.m.) will be shifted to 7.40-7.54 p.m. (Central European Time) and will be broadcast by the following stations. Milan, Turin, Trieste and Bolzano medium wave stations and by 2 RO (25.4 metres).

The English News, (formerly 7.21-7.43 p.m.) will be shifted to 11.15-11.30 p.m. (or during the intermission at approximately that time if an opera is being broadcast) and will be transmitted by the Rome I station only, (420.8m.) except on certain occasions when it will also be broadcast by the Rome short wave station, 2RO, on 25.4 metres. In such case notice will be given by radio

The French News (formerly 7.44-8.04 p.m.) will be shifted to 7.55-8.08 p.m and will be broadcast by the following stations: Rome Milan Turin Trieste and Genoa (medium wave stations) and by 2RO (25.4 metres)

The Arabian and Turkish programmes (beginning at 6.30 p.m and 6.50 p.m. respectively) will be broadcast by the Bari medium wave station and by 2RO on 25.4 metres.

All times are Central Europe Time. (About six hours behind Indian Standard Time).

TO DWARKA IN A DAY

Jamnagar-Dwarka Railway's New Service

JAMNAGAR, July 21.

The Jamnagar and Dwarka Railway authorities have decided to run an additional Rail-Motor service which has been named the "Golden Goose" between Jamnagar and Rajkot for the convenience of passengers The inaugural ceremony was performed this morning by Khan Bahadur Merwanji Pestonji, the Dewan of Nawanagar.

The Railway authorities have also introduced from to-day a through Rail-Motor-Coach Service between Jamnagar and Dwarka in conjunction with the Bombay Mail. The Service reduces the journey period between Bombay and Dwarka to 24 hours from about 44 hours hitherto.—A. P

Indore Delegate To Paris Co-op. Conference

INDORE, July, 20.

It is understood that Rai Ratan Mr A. G. Sharlaker, Manager of the Indore Premier (Apex) Co-operative Bank, has been elected as a delegate on behalf of India to the International Co-operative Conference to be held at Paris.

It is further learnt that Mr. Sherlaker is to be deputed to Great Britain and to the Continent by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Holkar for the study of co-operative institutions and the different aspects of co-operation and the working of the rural reconstruction there.—United Press.

Teacher Arrested

SHEIKHUPURA July 19.

A teacher of the local Government High School, was arrested yesterday under section 107 I.P.C. read with section 151 I.P.C on the complaint of the Head Master of the School that he apprehended personal violence The teacher was later enlarged on bail.—United Press.

Simla:—The Government of India have been pleased to appoint Mr K. P. Mitra, Principal, the Diamond Jubilee College Monghyr, says a press-note, as a corresponding member of the Indian Historical Records Commission for a period of three years with effect from the 9th July, 1937.

THE OLD INN SIGN IS A BRITISH INSTITUTION

Old English Inn Signs. No. 2
THE BULL AND MOUTH
An inn at St. Martin's-le-Grand, London, the original sign of which is now in the Guildhall Museum. It is thought to represent Milo, of Crete, who killed an ox with a blow of his fist and ate him at one sitting. The name is said by some to be a corruption of the "Boulogne Mouth," meaning the harbour mouth at Boulogne.

Allsopp's LAGER BEER

IS A PURELY BRITISH PRODUCT

Cutler Palmer

LONDON BOMBAY CALCUTTA MADRAS LAHORE COLOMBO

AGENTS:
ALLEPPEY: *Darragh Smail & Co., Ltd.* QUETTA: *Heeramull & Sons.*
CAWNPORE: *P. D. Gooba & Sons.* KASHMIR: *S. N. Chana & Sons.*
KARACHI: *Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.*
DELHI & SIMLA: *R. S. Bhola Ram & Sons, Ltd.*

Bears' HONEYDEW

2½ annas for 10 — 12 annas for 50

H/117

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 19 POINTS DOWN

Bullion Quiet And Wheat Easy But Copper Firm

BOMBAY, July 21.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled easier.

SAGGING TENDENCY IN N. Y. COTTON

New York cotton developed sagging tendency on heavy hedge selling and liquidation influenced by favourable weather report.

BULLION QUIET

London gold and silver ruled quiet.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy but copper was firm.

SECURITIES QUIET.

The London Stock Exchange was quiet and featureless. Giltedged securities kept quiet in the absence of any important enquiry.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, July 21.

Previous closing	11.86
To-day's opening	11.76
Difference	—10
To-day's closing	11.67
Difference	—19

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 21.

Previous closing	6.68
To-day's opening	6.57
Difference	—11
To-day's closing	6.48
Difference	—20

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 203-12
New April May	Rs. 216-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 21.

New York cotton was easier on continuance of favourable crop prospects which were further reflected in todays weekly report where no mention of weevil is made with the result that prices sank to further lower level under liquidation and foreign selling.

Trading in October commenced at 11.76 i.e. 10 points lower than previous closing. Prices eased on lower Liverpool cables and liquidation and foreign selling with increasing hedge pressure but some support appearing at the lower level checked further fall. The market thereafter maintaining a fairly good tone.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.67 with a decline of 19 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 21.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.05/12.04) 11.76/11.76
October (11.99/11.98) 11.72/11.71
December (12.00/11.99) 11.74/11.74

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpoo, July 21.
12-30 p.m.

American July (6.63) 6.54
American October (6.63) 6.54
Egyptian July (9.69) 9.59
Egyptian August (9.69) 9.59

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, July 21.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 218-4 and Rs. 216-8 at night. The closing rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 216-12.

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 21.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-4 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2) 1-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-7 1/2

JUTE

New York July August (£21 1/2 value) £21 3/4 sellers.
Dunlop August (£23 3/4 sellers) £23 3/4 sellers.
Lightning August (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (9 1/16 buyers) 9 buyers.
Forward July September (9 3/16 paid and buyers) 9 3/16 paid and value.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July August (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata July August (£13 5/16 sellers) £13 5/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 5/16 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 21.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with October at 113 3/4 and December 113 1/4. Prices declined on lower American cables and bearish weather and crop cables from Canada but the fall was checked by rumours of good continental enquiry although the support was not maintained.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 21.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with July at 1.20 3/4. After early quietness market displayed some steadiness on scattered commission house buying and outside demand with July rising to 1.22.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

Bombay, July 21.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Delivery Sept. 1937

	Rs	a	p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8	6	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8	6	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8	6	3
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8	6	3

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 21.

Previous closing	4.98 5/16
To-day's opening	4.98 3/16
To-day's closing	4.98 3/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 21.

Previous closing	4.98.27
To-day's opening	4.98.27
To-day's closing	4.98.35

FRANC RATE

London, July 21.

Previous closing	132.90
To-day's opening	132.75
To-day's closing	133.62

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 21.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.98.27 and then eased to 4.98.10 on lack of support but subsequently however rallied to 4.98.18 on some buying.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.98.35

Franc opened at 132.75 and then improved sharply to 131.81 on good enquiry on more reassuring reports from France.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 133.62.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (10.320) 10.615
New York on Bombay (37.58) 37.63
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 3/8
London on Milan (94.60) 94.64
London on Shanghai (1-2 3/16) 1-2 3/16
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£267 buyers £267 1/4 sellers. Steady) £266 1/2 buyers £266 3/4 sellers Quiet.

Lead (£23 1/2 buyers £23 9/16 sellers) £23 3/4 buyers £23 3/8 sellers. Steady

Electrolytic Copper (£62 3/4 to £63 3/4) to £63 1/4 to £64

Glasgow Iron sh. (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, July 21.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India, China and Speculators sold. Small business market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, July 21.

Spot	(19 15/16d.) 19 15/16d.
Forward	(19 15/16d) 19 7/8d

LONDON GOLD

London, July 21.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£6-19-8) £6-19-8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, July 21.

Silver Ready	51	11	6
Silver 1st settlement Ashad	51	11	6
Silver 2nd settlement Shravan	51	13	6
Gold Ready	34	9	3
Gold 1st settlement Ashad	34	9	0
Gold 2nd settlement Shravan	34	7	3
Sovereign	21	14	6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, July 21.

Liverpool wheat July closed at 113 7/8 as against the previous closing 117 7/8

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 21.

Wheat September	5	10	6
Wheat January	5	15	0
Wheat May	5	9	9
Linseed September	8	6	0
Linseed May	8	4	3

The tone was steady.

Tenders For Sterling

On Wednesday, the 21st July, 1937, tenders to the amount of £100,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 28th July, 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 21.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 95-14-6 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 95-15-0 The market was steady.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	95	13	0
Highest	95	15	0
Lowest	95	14	0
Closing	95	15	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 21.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £90 3/4 as against the previous closing at £91

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 21.
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97) £97
3 per cent Indian Loan (£90 3/4) £90 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114) £114
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 7/8) £106 7/8
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 5/8) £74 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£99 7/8) £99 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/8) £110 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 1/4) £99 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 3/4) £108 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 21.
2-30 p.m.

There was rather more doing especially in oil shares and home industrials. However giltedgeds home rails and mining shares were generally rather irregular. Rubber shares were inactive.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (130-0) 131-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (67-10 1/2) 67-10 1/2
Hydro Electric (£8 5/8) £8 3/4
Musical Industries (20-3) 20-3
Princhin Johnson (42-9) 43-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (37-7 1/2) 37-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (74-0) 74-0
Realisation 1930 (£96) £96
Dunlop Rubber (34-6) 34-6
Unilever Ordinary (40-3) 40-3
Ford Motors (25-9) 25-9
Cable Wireless New Ordinary (£78 1/2) £80 1/4
British American Tobacco (125-7 1/2) 125-7 1/2
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (148-1 1/2) 148-1 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (31-7 1/2) 31-7 1/2
Distillers (108-6) 108-6
Bredford Dyer (£7 3/4) £7 3/4
British Celanese (£6 7/8) £6 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (46-3) 46-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 51-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-3) 9-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-10 1/2) 28-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (64-3) 65-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (76-3) 75-0
Tata Steel Preference (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-9) 19-9
Donaro Tea (46-3) 46-3
Empire of India (32-6) 32-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 38-6
Gula Kelampong (41-3) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-3) 37-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 55-0
Burma Corporation (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£20 5/8) £20
East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 56-3
Rand Mines (£6 1/2) £6 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
Association Portland Cements (91-3) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (131-3) 131-3
Sub Nigel (£9) £8 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 28-9
Union Corporation (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£52 1/2) £52 1/2
Anglo Iranian (86-3) 86-10 1/2
Burma Oil (124-4 1/2) 125-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (17-6) 17-6
Shell Transport (109-4 1/2) 109-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£46) £45 7/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£63 3/4) £63 1/2
L and E Ordinary (£33 1/2) £33 1/2
L N E R Defd (£5) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22) £22
London Paris 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£80 1/2) £81

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 21.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 54 7/8) dol 56 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 57 1/2) dol 57 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 119 1/2) dol 117 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 136 1/8) unquoted.

SHARP RECOVERY IN FAR EASTERN BONDS

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, July 21.

On the Stock Exchange interest was more widespread but support was seldom sufficient to absorb profit-taking Consequently the close was somewhat irregular. Far-Eastern bonds staged a sharp recovery in which much of yesterday's losses were recovered.

In commodities wheat, cotton and rubber all weakened sharply in the absence of demand in the face of nervous liquidation. French Franc suddenly weakened late in the afternoon on the wave of nervous selling from Paris.

Wall Street opened firm.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

No New Feature In Coals

CALCUTTA, July 21.

Jutes ruled steady again and only moderate business was put through. Coals revealed no fresh feature. Teas were rather dull. In miscellaneous Indian irons opened firm but began to ease off as the day progressed and closed decidedly easier on selling pressure. Among others Bararee Coke advanced sharply, while Sutna stones dropped down severely over last quotations. Government securities were steady and unchanged. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three per cent loan 1941 103/11, three and a half per cent Government paper 96, four per cent loan 1960/70 111/12 small odd lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 120/1 small lot.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1520 ex div. Reserve 125.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur pref 137, Muir mills ord. 265 small lot.

Coals:—Aldih 3/12, Amalgamated 27, Bengal 322, Bokaro and Ramgur 18/6, Barrukur pref 129, Churulia 2/5, equitable 36/4, Hurriladih 15/2, New Marbhoom 35/4 small odd lot, Parasea 1/11, Raneegunge 36/6, South Karanpura 7/7, Samla 3, Talcher 2/5, Bhalgora 3/6, Burra Dhemo 3/6, East Indian 21/12, Ghusick and Muslia 4/4, Nazira 8/8 small lot, New Tetturya 3, Pench valley 38/4, Singaran 1/8, Singaran 3/3, Standard 32, Union 18, Union 18/12

Jutes.—Auckland 178, Craig 1/2, Delta 382 small lot, Howrah 52/5, Kamarhatty 525, Mahabir 102/8, Nuddea 45/8, Orient 173, Waverley 2/1, Bally 179, Dalhousie 315, Hukumchand 10/4, Hukumchand pref 108 small lot, Lansdowne 168 small lot. Northbrook pref 127, Reliance 66/8.

Miscellaneous.—Burma corporation 11/15, Consolidated tin 6/12, Indian copper 3/6, Rhodesia copper 2/10, Sutna stone lime 120, Tavoy tin 3/2, Dalmia cement defd 3/9, Dalmia cement ord Rupees five, Dalmia cement paid up 1/3 premium, Dalmia cement pref rupees hundred paid up and rupees fifty called up 3 prem; Lister Antiseptic ord. 117/8 ex div. U.P. electric 2/22, Indian steel and wire products defd 555, Indian Standard Wagon ord. 65, Indian iron 50/5, Indian iron right 51/8, steel corporation ord. 9/6, steel corporation pref 92, Associated Hotel ord. 3/10, Bararee Coke 17/8, B. I. corporation 3/15, Dunlop rubber second pref 102, British Burma petrol 6, Humayan property defd 1/11, Assam saws 1/12(Borooah timber 18/12.

Sugars.—Basti 193/8, Bulend 13/4, Mahaswastika ord 103.

Teas:—Birpara pref 145, Hantapara pref 145, Pussimbing 4/2.

Debentures:—Six per cent Sree Gopal paper 101/8, seven per cent Mahaswastika sugar 102, seven per cent Mahabir jute 102/8.—A.P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, July 21.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton July 20/0/6, Jan. 20.
Punjab July 18, Jan. 17/9/6.
Desi American 23/14/9, Jan. 23/10/9 market dull.
Wheat July 31/3/9, Sept. 31/11/9, Oct 32/2.
Weak gram July 23/4/6, Sept. 23/6, Oct. 23/12/9.
Toria July 43/6/6, Sept. 43/14/6, Nov. 44/8/6.
Cottonseed July 15/6/6, Sept. 16, Jan. 17/1/6.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, July 21.

Following are the closing quotations of Ahmedabad share bazar of 21st instant.

Ashok 380
Aryodaya spinning 287/8
Rajanagar 337/8
Calico 610
Gujarat cotton 29/6.
Jubili 242/8,
Marsdan 92/8
Motilal Hirabhai 51/4
Monogram 66/4
Bharatkhand cotton 32/8

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, July 20

SAKELS—

July	18.13—01
November	18.09—90

ASHMOUNI—

October	14.15+03
December	14.04+03

GIZA—

July	16.13—18
November	16.28—00

AMEICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 20-7-37	6845000	7101000
Receipts Yesterday 20-7-37	4000	4000
Exports to date 20-7-37	570100	219000
Stock at Ports 16-7-37	113400	293000
Stock at Interior Towns 16-7-37	872000	300000
Stock at Liverpool 16-7-37	882000	758000
Visible Supply 16-7-37	3031000	3470000
Quantity in sight 16-7-37	13118000	1238300
Quantity out of sight 16-7-37	13339000	12019000

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 16th day of July 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES—	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	26,10,19,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	181,00,53,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	2,85,46,000
Total Notes issued	209,96,18,000
Total Liabilities	209,96,18,000

ASSETS—	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion.—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,59,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A.	124,72,27,000
B. Rupee Coin	57,86,46,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	27,37,45,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper	Nil
Total Assets	209,96,18,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 59.402 per cent.	

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 16th July 1937

LIABILITIES—	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	9,45,33,000
(b) Banks	33,77,78,000
(c) Others	54,03,000
Bills Payable	9,57,000
Other Liabilities	50,52,000
Rupees	54,37,23,000

ASSETS.— Notes:—	Rs.
(a) Legal Tender in India	26,09,51,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	68,000
Rupee Coin	4,56,300
Subsidiary Coin	2,44,000
Bills Discounted.—	
(a) Internal	60,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Govt. of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	16,89,92,000
Loans and Advances to the Govt.	2,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	1,90,000
Investments	8,49,10,000
Other Assets	78,52,000
Rupees	54,37,23,000

x Includes £.65.100 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, July 20

Broach J/A opening 208 1/2 highest 209 3/4 lowest 208 1/2 closing 208 1/2
Broach A/M 1938 opening 220 highest 221 1/4 lowest 219 3/4 closing 220 1/2
Oomra July opening 201 1/2 highest 202 1/2 lowest 201 closing 201
Oomra D/J opening 200 1/4 highest 200 3/4 lowest 200 1/4 closing 200 1/2
Bengal July opening 165 1/4 highest 167 1/2 lowest 165 1/4 closing 167 1/2
Bengal D/J opening 164 1/4 highest 165 1/4 lowest 164 1/4 closing 165 1/4
Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-8-37) Rs. 9
Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 23 3/4

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 184 January 188 at cross rate 4.98 5/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 206/8 Liverpool July 6.61 Rs. 81 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 218/8 Liverpool May 1938 6.63 Rs. 70 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 218/8 New York May 11.89 Rs. 46 3/4 at cross rate 4.98 5/16

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH BUREAU

(Continued From Page 6)

the quality of their products and suggest improvements free of charge. On enquiry it is found that in Bombay they have given the benefit of their knowledge to no glass or dry cell or to oil paint soap factories during their most advertised meeting here last week.

"Poor Response."

As regards: (1) Industrial standardisation; (2) Allocation of work for research on oil and soap; (3) Encouragement of cultivation of essential oil plants, the bureau confesses frustration in its efforts in all the three directions. In regard to (1) "The response was small."

For (2) out of 10 only 5 accepted the work and agreed to carry on researches on some of them. The rest prorogued consideration or action pending provision of skill or funds.

In regard to (3) of the 14 Provinces and States approached by the Council only 3 have given qualified consent the rest have been wriggling out of their obligations in one way or the other.

The paltry sum of Rs. 1,63,466-7-0 is the merest mockery of financial allocation to the development of industries of this vast continent of abundant materials and vast market of expanding demands. And of the exiguous amount the bulk is surely absorbed by the administrative officials. What part goes to real research there is no information given in the report.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombya, July 21.

Turner Morrison s.s. Begum of 3656 reg tons Capt. O G R Jones arrived from Calcutta via Cocoanada, Madras Caddalore Negapatam Tuticorin and Cochin with coal and general cargo.

B I S N s.s. Gazana of 3191 reg tons Capt E G Kingcome arrived from Bassein via Colombo Tuticorin Cochin with rise and general cargo.

James Mackintosh s.s. Kalo of 1154 reg tons Capt C A Ifunsum arrived from Port Empedoche via Portsaid Suez and Aden with cargo of Gypsum

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 21-7-37.

S S Ranpura (MM) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Penang.

S S Toyama Maru (N Y K) for China Japan Ports via Bedi Bunder and Karachi.

S S Pres Monrol (FFC) for European and American Ports via Suez and Portsaid.

S S Gazana (MM) for Rangoon Chittagong Colombo and Coast Ports.

DEPARTURES

N Y Kaisha's s.s. Italy Maru of 4258 reg tons Capt O Kusona sailed for Karachi in ballast

B I S N s.s. Tairea of 3756 reg tons Capt S K Baird sailed for Durban via Mombassa and East and South African Ports with passengers and local cargo

B I S N s.s. Burdwan of 2879 reg tons Capt C R Mill sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with local and same bottom cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Sawokla of 3667 reg tons Capt S J Lee sailed for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras with passengers local and same bottom cargo

B I S N s.s. Bamora of 1870 reg tons Capt J L Durkee sailed for Basra via Karachi with passengers and local cargo.

Vessels In Docks

Bombya, July 21.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

2 Burdwan 2879 Japan 21-7 M M
4 Gazana 3191 Rangoon 31-7 M M
6 Kybfels 4785 Karachi 24-7 L Edwards
7 Butannia 5281 Liverpool 31-7 Anchor Line Ld.
8 Sturmfels 3834 Karachi 23-7 L Edwards
10 Kalo 1154 N F 26-7 J Mackintosh
12 C/Licester 1994 Karachi29-7 J Finlay
14 Taira 3756 Durban 21-7 M M
15 Gamaria 3232 Japan 23-7 M M
16 C/Marseilles 5309 Karachi 22-7 K Nixon
17 Voulbeg 2253 Antwerp 23-7 J Finlay

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Italy Maru 4258 Karachi 21-7 N Y Kaisha
3 Bamora 1870 P Gulf 21-7 M M
4 Vasna 2026 Busra 22-7 M M
7 Swokla 3667 Colombo 21-7 L Edwards
9 Sumatra 3266 Madras 23-7 L Edwards
10/11 Begum 3656 Rangoon 21-1 L Morrison

PRINCES DOCK

F Jehangir 215 Mauritius 21-7 T Morrison
A Nurrehal 3380 Calcutta 24-7 L Morrison
K Varsova 1955 N F 19-8 M M

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Mooltan 12-8-37 P and O
Corfu 19-8-37 P and O
Ranpura 22-7-37 P and O
Strathaird 29-7-37 P and O
Rawalpindi 5-8-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Derby 24-7-37 K Nixon

FROM TRIESTE

Cortellazzo 23-7-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Ceylon 26-8-37 L Edwards

FROM SYDNEY

Strathnaver 31-7-37 P and O

FROM CARDIFF

Nagina 26-7-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Fango Maru 30-7-37 N Y K
Taijin Maru 25-7-37 O S K
Kidderpore 20-7-37 P and O
Toyama Maru 22-7-37 N Y K
Carthage 23-7-37 P and O
Celebes Maru 9-8-37 O S Kaisha
Hayebashi Maru 15-8-37 N Y Kaisha
Tokushima Maru 18-8-37 N Y Kaisha

FROM HAMBURG

Almkerk 5-8-37 L Edwards
Reichenfels 24-7-37 L Edwards

FROM CALCUTTA

Garbeta 21-7-37 M M
Sirsa 22-7-37 M M

FROM NEW YORK

President Monroe 23-7-37 F F Campbell
City of Eastbourne 22-7-37 F F Campbell

FROM BASSEIN

Jalapadma 20-7-37 S S N Coy

FROM JEDDAH

Alavi 27-7-37 Turner Morrison

FROM BASRA

Vita 24-7-37 M M
Dandolo 23-7-37 L Triestino
Jaypore 27-7-37 M M
Bankura 29-7-37 M M
Baroda 22-7-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Naringa 23-7-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 24-7-37 M M

FROM ABADAN

British Sovereign 23-7-37 Anglo Iranian Oil
Ensby City 30-7-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Nirpura 27-7-37 M M
Trautenfels 30-7-37 L Edward

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Thage 24-7-36 P and O
Strathnaver 31-7-37 P and O
Lanchi 7-8-37 P and O
Somorin 14-8-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 21-8-37 P and O

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 29-7-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Marseilles 6-8-37 Killick Nixon
Britannia 31-7-37 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Harrison 20-8-37 F F Campbell
City of East Bourne 24-7-37 F Campbell
Pres Adams 6-8-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Taijin Maru 8-8-37 O S Kaisha
Victoria 2-8-37 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 10-8-37 N Y Kaisha
Gamaria 23-7-37 M M
Conte Verde 17-8-37 L Triestino
Italy Maru 21-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Burdwan 20-7-37 M M
Borneo Maru 24-7-37 O S Kaisha
Ranpura 22-7-37 P and O
Cortellazzo 25-7-37 Lloyd Triestino

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 28-7-37 Turner Morrison

FOR BASRA

Bamora 21-7-37 M M
Baroda 28-7-37 M M
Vasna 22-7-37 M M
Vita 29-7-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 4-8-37 M M
Takliwa 18-8-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Sturmfels 22-7-37 L Edwards
Toyama Maru 29-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Borneo Maru 18-7-37 O S Kaisha

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S British Lady 19-7-37
S S Gamaria 19-7-37
S S Caboto 19-7-37
S S City of Marseilles 19-7-37
S S Sturmfels (boats American Cotton) 20-7-37
S S India 20-7-37
S S Jalaratna 20-7-37
S S Nurmahal 20-7-37
S S Sawokla 20-7-37
S S Dayawati 20-7-37

EXPORTS

Bombay, July 21.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 52 dms g nut oil Swastik Oil Mills; 50 dms castor oil Swastik Oil Mills; 1350 bags g nut oil cake Swastik Oil Mills; 680 bags cotton seed oil cake R Ratilal.

For Glasgow: 78 dms g nut oil Swastik Oil Mills; 1360 bags cotton seed oil cake R Ratilal; 55 bales cotton grey yarn Swadeshi Mills.

For Marseilles: 700 bags castor seed R Dhanji.

For Montreal: 19 bales woollen rugs Cox and King (Agents)

S S Kybfels for Antwerp: 2900 bags g nut oil cake H Ramji; 50 bales raw wool D Abraham and Sons; 300 bags lentils S M Rajgor; 124 bags mustard seed S M Rajgor.

For Stockholm: 15 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Bourgus: 72 bags black pepper C Jiwandas.

For Suez: 100 bales cotton coloured piece goods E D Sassoon.

For Hamburg: 28 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Rotterdam: 24 bags kardi seeds G Gokalchand; 438 bags g nuts in shell G Gokalchand; 299 bags cloves P Liladhar.

For Gothenburg: 25 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora.

S S City of East Bourne for Montreal 124 bags mustardseed S M Rajgor.

For Boston: 20 bales goat skins D Abraham.

S S Pres Monroe for New York: 752 bags flea seeds D Abraham; 140 bags cellery seeds D Abraham; 828 bags gum N Mulji.

For Naples: 300 bales cotton raw A H Diab.

For Boston: 43 bales goat skins D Abraham; 33 bales raw wool D Abraham.

For Genoa: 210 bales cotton waste clear M Chanduli

IMPORTS.

S S Sturmfels Agents L Edwards from Hamburg: 500 kgs Chlorate of Potash; 66 cases beer; 331 bales boards; 102 cases globes; 2673 bales paper; 61 dms dyes dry; 90 dms caustic potash; 681 bdls white wood ceiling boards; 147 reels folding box board; 41 cases padlocks; 36 dms magnesium chloride; 149 csks dyes paste; 50 cases glass tiles; 42 cases chemicals harmless 93 cases machinery; 1200 bags zinc oxide; 1500 bags whitings; 145 cases sewing machine; 136 cases cardboards; 134 bags fuller earth; 570 pcs timber aspenlogs; 31 cases brass bars; 162 cases window glass; 108 pcs vicos; 50 cases heel tips; 300 rolls wire netting 33 cases pocket lamp; 103 bdls batteries; 827 case glass bangles; 352 bdls copper sheets; 197 joongis extracted cloves; 475 cases school slates; 417 cases wire nails; 384 pcs steel tubes; 100 bags dextrine 50 bags glauber salts; 38 cases common spirits; 71 cases malleable iron flanges 826 pcs earthen ware; 46 cases lamp parts; 155 cases bolts and nuts.

From Bremen: 36 cases motor cars; 50 cases wheels on axles; 53 bdls steel in bars; 82 cts sewing machines; 46 cases clocks; 400 pcs aspen wood; 125 cases nails; 108 cases petroleum stoves and spare parts; 30 pkgs antimony salt 50 pcs tyres; 100 bags glauber salts; 31 bales carriage tyring; 56 cases rubber goods; 58 rings motor tyres; 230 bales cycle tyres; 307 cases iron hinges 48 cases iron screws; 400 cases beer; 1000 pcs galvd steel drums; 44 cases aluminium foils; 186 bags rivets; 20 cases bolts and nuts; 150 bags tiles; 40 kegs antimony salt; 125 cases ammories; 257 pcs steel sheets; 650 bdls s hoops.

34 Villagers Under Arrest

LAHORE, July 20.

Thirty-four Sikh Jats of village Sareich, 25 miles from Lahore, were arrested by the Local Police under Section 107, 151, Cr. P. C. and brought to Lahore yesterday in lorries.

They belong to two rival factions of the village and, were arrested when engaged in hand-to-hand fight.

The accused were on inimical terms and recently a murder had taken place in the village.—United Press

Sir Barrie's Will

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Sir James Barrie's will was dated only five days before his death, it has now been disclosed here.

He bequeathed £500 each to the Kirriemuir District Nursing Association and the Kirriemuir Clothing Society. He was a subscriber to both Societies during life-time.—Reuter.

Disappointed Bulls Out Cotton Holdings

Weather Favourable & Plants Healthy

Prices Reach New Low Levels

BOMBAY, July 21.

On Tuesday there was extensive unloading in New York cotton market by professional operators Prices declined rapidly as weather reports were very favourable.

The New York cotton futures market opened steady and advanced on better Liverpool cables, rains in the Eastern Belt and moderate foreign buying.

Prices later reacted on increased hedge selling and liquidation with a poor offtake. Thereafter the market declined sharply on New Orleans and Wall Street selling but subsequently rallied partially on covering.

At the opening October was quoted 3 points up at 12.04 and under improved buying prices improved further by 7 points and October was quoted 12.11 which was the highest level.

This rise was followed by active and extensive liquidation by tired professionals and prices dropped 30 points from the highest level and October was quoted 11.81 which was the lowest level for the day.

Towards the close there appeared scattered covering by shorts and prices rallied 5 points at 11.86. The market closed at a net decline of 15 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices declined 15 points at 12.36c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy on increased selling pressure and closed at a decline of 19 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 18 points at 12.17c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with October 6.63 There was Bombay selling which was absorbed by local covering. Business was restricted by disturbing foreign political outlook. Later on short covering and speculative buying improved prices. Offerings were light. Sino-Japanese developments were construed bullish but prices reacted slightly on straddle selling and hedging. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 6.80d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet. Sakels futures declined 6 points. Uppers futures closed 4 to 8 points up with Spot 12 points higher at 9.90d. per lb

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular. Sakels futures closed 2 points up while Ashmouni contracts gained 2 to 3 points but nearly lost 9 points

EXCELLENT CROP

"The nature of the news bearing on the market has not altered materially. Weather conditions are very favourable and crop prospects are excellent. Labour conditions are disturbing, and the foreign political situation is causing nervousness. Spot cotton and textiles are inactive. There are some complaints that too much rain in the eastern belt is resulting in increased weevil activities, but there is no serious alarm over the present situation, although many observers now believe that chances favour less favourable crop news. Sellers, consequently, are cautious. The belief is expressed that crop advices are so good that the next development must be unfavourable and that the labour situation is so bad that it cannot fail to improve. Private expectations as regards acreage point to an area of about 35,000,000 acres, and ideas of the crop range from 14,000,000 to 15,000,000 bales.

Washington advices indicate the farm programme—as far as the present session is concerned—has practically been abandoned, although some efforts will be made to provide the "ever-normal granary" for next season."—'M. G. C.'

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10-31 a.m.)	12.11+10
New York October lowest (2-1 p.m.)	11.81—20
Liverpool October highest	6.72+09
Liverpool October lowest	6.63

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from New York:

'Still no cause for alarm with regard to boll weevil. Liquidation continuing. Hedge selling attributed to domestic mills less demand. Small business in dry goods. Technical position more favourable. But crop prospects do not favour an advance."

'Disappointed bulls principal sellers. Large operators selling heavily. Technical position strengthened by longs liquidating. Crop prospects generally favourable. Plants healthy and in good condition. Rains causing anxiety unless rain stops fear we shall have perhaps plants large but too sappy. Market will be chiefly influenced by rainfall'

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Wall Street operators liquidation about over.

Market declined on liquidation which is believed to be exhausted commitments of a large operator. Think stronger resistance now likely.

Crop prospects very good. Large operators sold. Technical position strengthened by longs liquidating.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 20

October	11.86—15
December	11.82—11
January	11.82—12
March	11.86—15
May	11.89—15
July	11.92—15
Middling Spot	12.36—15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 20

October	11.81—19
December	11.85—16
January	11.89—14
Middling Spot	12.17—18

NEW YORK

New York, July 20

11 A.M. RANGES—	
October	12.05/12.05
December	11.99/11.99
January	11.99/11.99
NOON CALL—	
October	12.04
December	11.96

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 20

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	4,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 20

July	6.69+05
August	6.67+05
September	6.67+05
October	6.68+05
November	6.67+04
December	6.67+04
January	6.68+04
February	6.69+04
March	6.70+04
April	6.70+04
May	6.71+04
June	6.71+04
July	6.71+04
Middling Spot	6.80—
10-12 a.m. quotations	
October	6.63
January	6.64

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 20

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
July	9.69
August	9.69
September	9.54
F G F SPOT	10.04

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 20

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.70
Fine (good staple)	5.85
Superfine (good staple)	6.00
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.60
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.75
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.90
BENGAL—	
Good	4.60
Fully Good	4.70
Fine	4.85

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 20

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£71 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£77
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 7/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£99 7/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£108 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£14 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£110 1/2
National Bank of India	£41 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, July 20

Bank bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent to 3/4 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 20

T T London on:	
New York	4.98.27
Paris	132.90
Berlin	12.37
Madrid	86.00
Amsterdam	9.02 3/8
Brussels	29.59
Milan	94.47
Berne	21.72
Prague	142.62
Interest day to day loan	

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 20

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton July sellers	£13-6-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£15-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£15-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£14-17-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£14-15-0

Selling

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 21

Following a decline of 15 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/8 for Broach A/M delivery. There was restricted business and prices did not show any important change. The tone of the market was easy.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 8 points but the market opened 11 points lower and the local market was easy on increased selling The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	205 12 0
Broach A/M	218 0 0
Oomra July	198 0 0
Oomra D/J	197 12 0
Bengal July	166 0 0
Bengal D/J	163 4 0

American Cotton Crop

Liverpool, July 21.

Weather cooler, light to moderate rainfall in Eastern and Central Belts and Texas. Forecast Entire Belt partly cloudy.

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 21.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U. P.	172	169	166	163
Punjab	172	169	166	163
Oomra No. 3	205	202	199	196
C. P. No. 1	216	213	210	207
C. P. No. 2	209	206	203	200
Broach No. 2		214	211	208 205
Punjab-Ame.		226	223	220 217
Surat		266	263	260 257
Rajpipla		262	259	256 253
Navsari		276	273	270 267

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, July 21.

	To-day	Total.
Broach	6,350	40,750
Bengal	300	1,700
Oomra	1,250	5,900

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 21.

Bengal Superfine	174/76
Bengal Fine	170/72
C. P. 1	204/06
C. P. 2	199/201
Arvi	199/201
Ellichpur	197/201
Berar	194/97
Khamgaon	194/97
Mulkaur	192/97
Khandesh	187/91
Jalna/Sailu	189/92
Burwah Sanavad	194/97
Mathia	164/69
Broach Fine	207/12
Punjab/American	217/27
Punjab 289F.	272/82
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	247/52
Surat	257/62
Navsari	273/75
Kampala	399/401

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 21.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh		205,943
Central India	21	337,378
Barsi and Nagar		174,497
Hyderabad-Gaorani		101,643
Berar		579,602
Central Provinces	51	114,551
Total Oomras	72	1,513,614
Dholera		179,338
N.-W. Provinces		10,371
Rajputana		97,128
Sind-Punjab	522	346,155
Broach		341,591
Coompta and Dharwar	102	72,409
Westerns-Northerns		39,854
Cocoanada		155
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	250	19,702
Persian		14
American		20,033
Egyptian and African	3,769	418,507
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		225
Total	4,715	3,058,926

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 15th July.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,011	458,237
Japan and China	4,350	1,444,751
Coast Ports		37,046
Up-country by Rail		263,174
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		31,196
Total	5,361	2,234,704

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, July 21

September	74.50
October	74.80—50

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 18th/19th July	3,123
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	3,054,211
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	3,015,651
Increase	38,560

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, July 21

July	257.70—130
September	249.90—140
October	247.90—200
November	246.80—200
January	245.00—760

LINSEED OIL

London, July 20

Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt August sellers	30/1 1/2
Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt September October sellers	30

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 21

Yesterday London gold prices declined 3d. to £6-19-8. London Paris Exchange rate was 34 points up at 132.90. Dollar sterling cross rate was placed at 4.38 5/16. London silver prices were unchanged for Spot at 19 15/16d. but forward quotation was 1/16d. down at 19 15/16d. New York silver price was unchanged at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal silver futures advanced 10 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted at 1-2 1/4. The local market was quiet with scattered selling.

GOLD

Ready	34 9 0
Ashad	34 9 0
Shravan	34 7 6

SILVER

Ready	51 11 0
Ashad	51 12 0
Shravan	51 14 0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, July 20

July	45.35+10
September	45.10+10
December	45.10+10

LONDON SILVER

London, July 20

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London, July 20

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£6-19-8

LONDON METALS

London, July 20

Copper	£56 15 0
Spelter	£22 12 6
Lead	£23 8 9
Tin	£286 5 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, July 21.

Standard Copper Cash (buyers)	£56/15
Standard Copper 3 months	£56/15
Electrolytic copper	£63/15
Bombay Market:—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 41/8
Copper Sheets	Rs. 53/8
Tone:—Steady.	

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, July 21.

Yesterday Liverpool wheat market was easy on increased realising though sellers were reserved owing to the Far-Eastern situation and reports of Japanese purchases of Australian wheat Chicago and Winnipeg markets registered a drop of 5 cents on increased selling. on favourable crop advices. The local market was easy to-day on increased selling.

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed September	8 6 3
Linseed May	8 4 9
Wheat September	5 11 0
Wheat January	5 15 9
Wheat May	5 10 6

Argentine Linseed

London, July 20

July £13-6-3 Hull C.I.F.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 20.

August £15-3-9.

Groundnuts & Seeds

Bombay, July 21.

Groundnuts August—	
Opening	40 14 6
Highest	40 15 0
Lowest	40 6 6
Closing	40 10 6
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	36 5 0
Highest	36 13 6
Lowest	35 15 0
Closing	35 15 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	18 10 0
Highest	18 10 3
Lowest	18 9 0
Closing	18 9 9
Groundnuts February.—	
Opening	39 3 0
Highest	39 3 6
Lowest	38 14 0
Closing	39 2 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	36 15 0
Highest	36 15 0
Lowest	36 9 0
Closing	36 9 0
Cottonseeds January—	
Opening	20 5 0
Highest	20 6 3
Lowest	20 5 0
Closing	20 6 0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, July 20.

July	117 7/8d.
October	115 3/4d.
December	115 1/4d.
March	110 1/2d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, July 20.

July	dol. 121 1/4.
September	dol. 1.21 1/2
December	dol. 1 23 1/8.

New York Sugar

New York, July 20.

September	2.44—2.
December	2.40—2.
March	2.26—3.
May	2.29—2.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, July 21.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-8.
Shipment September Rs. 5-13-6.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-15.
Kesar Rs. 10-14.
Saraya Rs. 10-10.
Java Spot F.7.00.

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 20

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb Sellers	8 3/16

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 21

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100/2
3 per cent 1951/54	101/6
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/4
3 per cent U P Bonds	96/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	96
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/12
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	107/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/4
TAX FREES	
4 per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 per cent 1945/55	120
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/4
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	122/8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107/12
5 per cent M Deb 1949	117/8
5 per cent 1954	130/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	130/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 95/14 and closed at Rs. 95/15. Small business. Tone barely steady.

HALF HOLIDAY IN COTTON MARKET

The local cotton market will close at 3 p.m. on Thursday.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, July 21

B C RATE	1/16
LONDON—	
Bank's selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T	1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
Bank's selling T T	267
Bank's buying T T	264 3/4
PARIS—	
Bank's selling T T	994
Bank's buying T T	1,014
JAPAN—	
Bank's selling T T	77 3/8
Bank's buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Bank's selling D D	67 5/8
JAVA—	
Bank's selling D D	67 3/8
HONGKONG—	
Bank's selling D D	82
SHANGHAI—	
Bank's selling D D	79 3/4
SINGAPORE—	
Bank's selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Bank's selling D D	91 7/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York London	4.98.37 20th instant
Japan London	1/2 21st instant
Hongkong London	1/2 11/16 21st instant
Shanghai London	1/2 1/4 21st instant
Java London	9.00 3/8 21st instant
London Paris	132.90 20th instant
London Belgium	29.59 20th instant
London Switzerland	21.72 20th instant
London Berlin	12.37 20th instant
London Stockholm	19.39 1/2 20th instant
London New York	4.98.27 20th instant
London Amsterdam	9.02 5/8 20th instant.
London Italy	94.47 20th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Quiet

Near. Steady Forward.

Gold	£6-19-11 19th instant
Gold	£6-19-8 20th instant
Silver London Ready	19 15/16 19th instant
Silver London Ready	19 15/16 20th instant
Silver London Forward	20 19th instant
Silver London Forward	19 15/16 20th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 19th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 20th instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 19th instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 20th instant
London Discounts 6 months	3/4 per cent 19th instant.
London Discounts 6 months	3/4 per cent 20th instant
Reserve Bank Rate	3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate	2 per cent.
MONEY.—	
Call	1/2 per cent.
3 months	1 1/4 per cent.
6 months	1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—	Quiet.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 20

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	77
3 1/2 per cent	91
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	106 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	97 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	99 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	99 7/8

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 21.

	Cwts.
Wheat	14,116
Linseed	5,001
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	18
Gingellyseed	14
Poppyseed	3
Groundnuts	490
Castorseed	240
Rice	42,348
Myrabollams	940
Mowraseed	528
Gram	1,175
Joowar	55
Barley	135
Bajree	1,181
Indian Sugar	2,938
	Tons.
Coal	1,569

LONDON PRODUCE

London, July 20

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels January February sellers	43
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers	43/9
Wheat South Australian parcels July sellers	47/9

Sharp Decline In Steel Shares

EXTENSIVE PROFESSIONAL UNLOADING

Absence Of Buyers And Tone Easy

BOMBAY, July 21.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 995 and declined to Rs. 971. Century Mills declined to Rs. 231, while Central India closed at Rs. 283, New Great Rs. 256 and Simplex at Rs. 96.

Associated Cement shares declined to Rs. 158. Andhra shares opened at Rs. 1,685 and closed at Rs. 1,672. Hydros weakened to Rs. 176-14 and Tata Powers closed at Rs. 1,400.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 1,670 and declined to Rs. 1,645. The market steadied at this level, but again declined to Rs. 1,635. At this level there was scattered covering, but heavy selling depressed prices to Rs. 1,602 and finally closed at Rs. 1,610. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 353 and after declining to Rs. 343 closed at Rs. 344. Bombay Burma shares closed at Rs. 716.

The Share Bazar will remain open for one hour on Thursday.

There was a sharp fall in Steel shares to-day on extensive and impressive selling by professional operators.

The market opened firm under the influence of Sino-Japanese developments which were construed bullish and it was generally believed that there would be steady rise in prices but to the utter surprise of the general public the market recorded a substantial decline

It may be said that although, world Steel prices are looking up and the supply is not bountiful but local market displays different aspect. We have a stock of corrugated sheets in the bazar, which will supply the normal demand for a year and a half. It being monsoon there can be only limited demand for other types of manufactured iron and steel goods. In this country we have no armament programmes and naturally our needs are bound to remain within limits. Thus the promises of unprecedented profits seem to have no sound foundation and buyers are now cautious. Failure of the market to attract new buyers also is telling on the market and there was considerable selling pressure on an unwilling market. Shorts were the only buyers and the market was weak.

TEXTILE SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 21.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	305 0
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	971 4
100 CENTURY	231 4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3)	283 2
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	190 0
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	107 8
250 Davia	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	350 0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0 10 6
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	150 0
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	185 0
100 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725 0
100 Indore	50 0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	98 12
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	340 10
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	585 0
250 Madras United	11 0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,022 8
250 Model	50 0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	110 0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	256 4
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	42 8
100 Phoenix (10)	275 0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	62 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,200 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	96 4
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	278 12
100 Swan (nil)	117 8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,350 0
1,000 Western (Rs. 10)	850 0
BANKS	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	116 0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	32 10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30) X.D.	1515 0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8) X.D.	371 4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	141 0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	128 8
5 Union (As. 4)	5 10
CEMENTS.	
100 Associated	158 0
INSURANCE.	
100-50 Empire (Rs. 14)	950 0
15-100 Jupitor (As 12)	16 4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43 0
20 Mercantile	53 0
200 Oriental (125)	4,935 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	8 2
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old	170 10
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1672 8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	145 0
100 B'Bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182 8
10 Broach	14 0
100 Karachi (4)	277 8
100 Poona (4)	350 0
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	222 8
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	176 14
1,000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1400 0
RAILWAYS.	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	935 0
100 C Province	95 12
100 Dhond Baramati	97 0
100 Gujarat	94 8
100 Mandra Bhon	96 0
100 Pachora Jamner	94 8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	101 0
500 Tapti Valley	776 4
MININGS.	
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 8)	62 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, July 21

Bombay Dyeing (991/4) 995 975 977 970 971
Century (236/4) 237 230 232 231
Central India (291/4) 291 283 285 288
Kohinoor (346/4) 346 347 342 340/10
New Great (262/8) 261 262 256 257 256
Simplex (99/6) 100 96
Swadeshi (286/4) 286 278 280 278
Associated Cement 160/8 157 160 158
Andhra (1680) 1685 1680 1672
Tata Hydro (177/13) 178/2 176/14
Tata Power (1403/12) 1405 1397 1402 1397 1400
Tram Ord (145/15) 145/10 145
Steel Defd (1662/8) 1670 1645 1647 1640 1647 1635 1637 1627 1635 1615 1602 1610
T Steel Ord (352/8) 353 350 346 348 344 343 344
Tata Steel 2nd pref (161/4) 161/8 162 161/12 161/8
Bellapur (171/4) 172 173 168
B Steam (273/12) 273 272
B Burma (723/12) 727 720 721 716 718 711 716

30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 38-4) 1610 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 10) 344 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	318 12
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 8).	168 12
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	272 8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	716 4
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	243 12
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-9-6
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	114 0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	12 0
2sh. Indian Copper	3-6-0.
10 Indian Iron and Steel	50 12
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	141 14
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	48 8
100 I. Radio Defd (12)	590 0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	535 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	627 8
15 Scindia (Rs. 1).	28 10
30 PREMIER Con.	93 0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	29 6

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c Andhra Valley	1537 8
6 p.c Bombay Steam	302 8
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	86 4
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	530 0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	103 0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	99 8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	155 0
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1560 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	192 8
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	161 8
7 p.c. Vishnu	850 0

DEBENTURES.

3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101 8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	109 6
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51 8
7 p.c Sholapur	81 4
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110 4

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List).

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, July 20

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report shewing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Water Works Com	20
Ame Power and Light Com	10
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	56
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	53
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	76
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	74
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	39
Columbia Gas	13
American Tel and Tel	170 3/4
Western Union Telg	51
Canadian Pacific Railway	12
Erie Railway	89
Great North Pfd Railway	52
New York Central Railway	41 3/4
Southern Pacific Railway	49
Delware and Hudson Railway	39
Allis Chalmers	71
Bethelehem Steel	95 3/4
Crucible Steel	70
Ludlum	36
National Steel	90
Republic Steel	41
United S Steel	119
Anaconda Copper Mining	58 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	64 3/4
Chrysler	111
General Motors	56 3/4
General Electric	58
Radio Corporation	9
Plymouth Oil	27
Socony Oil	21 1/4
Chase Bank	52
National City Bank	47
Amerex	26
Graham Paige	4

Market closed strong especially Steels Rails and Amusement shares. National Steel expected to earn around dol 9 1/2 in current year. Kennecott has declared dol 1/2 also extra dividend 25 cents ex dividend on 2-9-37. Turnover 1250000 shares.

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, July 20

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 8 1/8

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1937

Impose Embargo On Zanzibar Cloves

S. O. S. To India Govt.

Scanty Concessions Won't Do: Virtual Monopoly Must Go, Urge Merchants' Chamber

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"The granting of scanty concessions does not touch the real problem at all and our Committee consider that the only alternative left for the Government in the interests of Indians in Zanzibar and the self-respect of India, is to impose an embargo on the imports of cloves in this country.

IMPOSE EMBARGO

"Our Committee appeals to the Government of India even now to impose such an embargo and strongly protest against the agreement reported to have been made.

RUIN FACES INDIANS

Indians in Zanzibar are threatened with ruin if no steps are taken."

Thus concludes the telegram sent by the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay to the Government of India today, with regard to the Zanzibar question:—

Reversal Of Policy Deplored

"The Committee of Indian Merchants' Chamber deeply deplore the turn events have taken with regard to problems of the Clove Industry in Zanzibar. Government of India were upto recently supporting the claims and demands of Indians, who looked upto to them in their times of trouble. Recent agreement with the Government of Zanzibar has, however, proved to be a reversal of the policy hitherto followed.

Monopoly Must Go

What Indians in Zanzibar and bodies like this Chamber have been protesting against is the creation of a virtual monopoly in the form of the Clove Growers' Association.

INADEQUATE TO PROTECT INDIANS

Imperial Citizenship Assn. Stands By Zanzibar Demand

Mr. K. Natarajan, Hon. Secretary of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, has sent the following to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, Simla:—

"The following resolutions were adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Imperial Citizenship Association, held on Saturday, the 17th July, 1937:—

INADEQUATE PROTECTION.

"The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association expresses its deep disappointment that the efforts of the Government of India to prevent anti-Indian legislation in the shape of the Clove Growers' Association Bill, which was passed by the Zanzibar Legislative Council on the 15th July, 1937, have resulted in no more than a few minor changes which do not affect its central racial principle and are utterly inadequate to protect Indian interests from the ruin which stares them in the face. The Council cannot, therefore, accept the few changes made in the Clove Growers' Association Bill as making it not a whit less detrimental to the interests of Zanzibar Indians.

MONOPOLY MUST GO.

"That the Council, therefore, urges Government to press for the abandonment of the monopolist policy of which the Clove Growers' Association Act is the outcome, to the extent of laying an embargo on the import of cloves as Government of India are aware has been suggested by the Zanzibar Indians and supported by public opinion in India

SUPPORT TO ZANZIBAR INDIANS.

"That the Council congratu-

(Continued on page 8 Col 4)

JAIN WRATH APPEASED

Ahmedabad Nagarsheth Declares Book Unauthoritative

(From A Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 19.

In reply to the letter from the Young Men's Jain Society of Ahmedabad asking for the opinion about the book on Jain Muni Conference written by Mr. Dhirajlal T. Shah published through Jyoti Karyalaya, Ltd., Nagarsheth of Ahmedabad declares as follows:

"The book entitled 'Rajnagar Sadhu Sammelan' is invalid. As the work of Sadhu Sammelan was held 'in camera' none should rely upon that book Jains should rely only on the authoritative and responsible book issued after the Conference was over, published under the authority of Ahmedabad Jain Sangh. Hence nobody should rely on the literature published in the past and to be published in future either by a Muni or individual. The only authority on the subject is the book published by the Sangh and despatched throughout India." etc

This has appeased the wrath of the Jains, created by the circulation of the book.

D. J. Khanselwal Mahasabha

KUCHAMAN ROAD: July 20.

The Gen. Secretary, All-Digambar Jain Khanselwal Mahasabha, wires:—

The Mahasabha held its 17th session at Nava under the presidentship of Seth Hiralal Patni of Maroth. There was a large gathering of Jains from all parts of India. The session concluded quite peacefully and passed many useful and important resolutions

Faqir Of Ipi Still Free

Tribesmen Honour Tradition And Protect Him

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 21.

The Faqir of Ipi continues to remain in inaccessible country on the borders between the Bhitani and Mahsud countries. The tribesmen's staunch adherence to traditional ideas of hospitality add to Government's difficulties in the way of capturing the elusive Faqir. To turn out or hand over a guest is contrary to the long-accepted tribal canons of right conduct and nothing will induce tribesmen to break them.

The only one instance, which occurred far back in the nineties is recalled of Mahsud tribesmen handing over two bad characters from among themselves.

CONSTABLE ARRESTED WHILE ROBBING WOMAN

LAHORE, July 20.

A police constable was put under arrest last night while removing gold bangles from the hands of a woman. The incident took place in Krishna Nagar, a newly populated part of the Lahore city.

A number of thefts had been reported from this locality before despite vigilant police patrol and no clue was obtained despite vigorous investigation. The arrested policeman is expected to throw some light into the matter. —United Press

That the water supply in Nagpur is not upto the safe standard and that it is rendered all the more dangerous in the rainy season due to contamination from the surroundings, is admitted by Dr. R.L. Tuli, Medical Officer of Health, Municipal Council, Nagpur, in a statement to the press.

BIBI AMAR KAUR (2ND FROM RIGHT) WHO WAS ARRESTED AT BANNU IN CONNECTION WITH ELECTION PROPAGANDA AND IMPRISONED TILL THE RISING OF THE COURT, WAS ACCORDED RECEPTION BY LADIES ON HER ARRIVAL AT THE LAHORE RAILWAY STATION, ON MONDAY MORNING.

Ministers To-day May Be Sweepers To-morrow

Rajen Babu Emphasises Need For Extra-Legislative Work

PATNA, July 20.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has issued the following statement:

"Four Congress Ministers assumed responsibility of the administration in the province to-day. It is as well to remind them and all others that the Congress is entering upon a new field of activity to-day.

"We have worked and laboured for years in one way—we are going to take a new line of action to-day. There are difficulties ahead. The course is neither smooth nor easy.

"Congress members will need all vigilance and circumspection—all the strength and determination they can command. They dare not forget the pledge which the Congress and they have given to the electorate. They dare not throw into the background any of the two aspects of the Congress programme.

"While they have to strengthen the national movement for freedom they will also give such relief as possible to the suffering people. In this work each has his or her part to play. After all the Ministers can achieve little by themselves unless they have the confidence and support of their colleagues in the Legislatures and are backed by work amongst the masses outside.

4 Ministers

"Only four have been appointed Ministers. The view was pressed on the Leader to have more than four, but he felt that the administration of the province had been carried on by four under Montagu Reforms and during the last three months that the interim Ministers held office only four carried out the work.

"He felt that until experience forced his and his colleagues' hands they should not add to the number of Ministers. In making choice of his colleagues he had difficulty because he had to choose only three out of many, who could have filled the places with credit.

"In the Congress particularly in this province we have learnt not to aspire for places, but do the work allotted to the best of our ability, nor is there any idea of superiority or inferiority involved.

"I have held and said publicly that in the Congress politics the place of a Minister should be exchangeable with that of a worker in a Harijan village detailed to sweep it. We can achieve our great objective if we work in that spirit and I am happy to contemplate that we are inspired by that ideal.

"I am sure all will contribute of their best, irrespective of the position, which a particular member holds. Credit for success will belong just as shame for any shortcoming will have to be shared by all.

"Let me hope that Bihar will acquit herself creditably in this as she has done in other spheres of Congress activity.—A. P.

SOCIALISTS NOT TO JOIN U. P. CABINET

Defeat Of Sherwani Complicates Question Of Muslim Representation

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, July 21.

It seems to have been finally decided now that Socialists will not join the U. P. Cabinet. Mr. Narendra Dev, the Socialist leader who went to discuss the matter with Mr. Jaiprakash at Chapra returned to Anand Bhawan last evening and he is reported to have told Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that there was no likelihood of the Socialist ban on office acceptance being lifted and hence he could not accept the Ministership.

It may be noted that Pandit Nehru tried much to persuade Mr. Narendra Dev to join the Congress Ministry.

The strength of the Socialists determination to stick to their decision can be gauged by this fact alone. It is said that the Socialists' point of view is that their decision not to accept office was taken in the interests of the country and they could not possibly take somersault now, holding the conviction which they do. The Socialists being thus out of picture Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant will have to turn to other groups if he desires to increase the size of his Cabinet.

The strength of the Socialists' has further complicated the question of Muslim representation it appears that now there will be only six ministers in the United Provinces.

THE JHANSI ELECTION

Why The League Candidate Won

NEW DELHI, July 21.

Great jubilation prevails in the Muslim League circles over the result of the bye-election to the U. P. Assembly from Jhansi division, Muslim constituency, which was generally taken as a trial of strength between the League and the Congress; and therefore attracted wide interest.

The League supporters interpret the defeat of Mr. Nishar Ahmed Sherwani as a triumph of the League over Congress, and point out that though Congress mobilized all its resources in men and money, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Pandit Pant, Dr. Syed Mahmud and other Congress Leaders making extensive tours of the constituency,—it failed to convince the Muslim electorate of its sincere desire for their general uplift and economic well-being.

On the other hand Congress quarters hold that circumstances, such as widespread rains on polling day and consequent difficulties of communication, especially in the rural areas, which they maintain are their stronghold, rather than the unpopularity of the Congress programme or distrust of its intentions towards the Muslims, were chiefly responsible for turning the balance in favour of the League candidate, Rafiuddin.—A. P. I.

Two Police Officials Suspended For Alleged Influencing Of Votes

LUCKNOW: July 21.

The "United Press" reliably understands that two Police officials including the Sub-Inspector of Police have been suspended for influencing the by-election in Jhansi-Jalaun-Hamirpur Muslim (Rural) constituency.

An enquiry into their cases by the U. P. Government will be instituted soon.—United Press.

Jinnah Congratulates Voters

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, All-India Muslim League, has sent the following telegram to the U. P. Muslims.

"I congratulate U. P. Musalmans, particularly the voters of Bundelkhand-Jhansi electorate for the right verdict and great victory vindicating the Moslem League and upholding the honour and prestige of the Musalmans of India and the League. Please convey my thanks to all workers. I am grateful to Mr. Shaukat Ali and others for all help."—A.P.

PROF. RANGA'S ADJOURNMENT MOTIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 20.

Prof. Ranga, who is here in connection with the meetings of the Public Accounts Committee has given notice of two adjournment motions, one to discuss the Patna Railway smash and the other relating to the Maxwell report and the policy of the "de-Indianisation in the Central Secretariat to force more I.C.S. upon the Federal Ministries".

GHAFFAR KHAN KEEPS MUM

PATNA, July 21.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan declined to make any statement on the Punjab Premier's announcement on the removal of the ban on his entry into the Punjab.

Asked whether he would visit the Punjab and, if so, when, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said he had not decided anything.—A. P.

SHERIFF'S MEETING TO GREET CONGRESS GOVT.

Dr. G. S. Arundale's Move In Madras

MADRAS, July 20.

Dr. George S. Arundale, President of the Theosophical Society, has issued the following to the Press:—

"The historic occasion of the entry into office of truly national ministers ought not, I think, to pass unnoticed by the citizens of Madras, all of whom will surely wish well to our new Government whatever be the nature of their political opinions.

"I urge, therefore, the calling by the Sheriff of Madras of a meeting of citizens to offer our good wishes."—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE SWISS HEADWAITER*

I'M NOT SO HOT ON THESE THINGS, MARGARET---WHERE ARE WE GOING?
UP THERE--
6-22
UP TO THE TOP. I CAN SEE THIS IS GONNA BE TOUGH!
JUST THINK HOW EASY IT WILL BE COMING DOWN!
MEAN-WHILE, WADE LOOKS UP LORD AND LADY BENCHLEY ----
LYMAN ANDERSON
AH, YES-- INSPECTOR WADE--I'VE HEARD OF YOU---
THE FOREIGN SECRETARY ASKED ME TO LOOK YOU UP, SIR---THESE ROBBERIES HERE IN ARCY--
A LOT OF SILLY TALK! NO ONE WOULD RIFLE OUR ROOMS!
PRECISELY--HER LADYSHIP'S JEWELS ARE PERFECTLY SAFE, INSPECTOR!
THE ONLY TIME JEWELS ARE SAFE IS WHEN THEY'RE IN A SAFE!
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Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.